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GENERAL ELECTRIC CO SYRACUSE N Y HEAVY MILITARY ELEC--ETC F/G 17/1
SONAR SIMULATION COMPUTER PROGRAMS. VOLUME 2. FLOW CHARTS.(U)
NOV 68

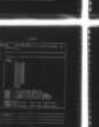
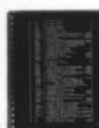
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1 OF 2

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LEVEL II

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6 SONAR SIMULATION COMPUTER PROGRAMS Volume 2. Flow Charts
PHASE INTERIM TECHNICAL REPORT on Phase 1.

VOLUME 2

6021 097L

FLOW CHARTS

Contract N00140-68-C-0372

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001491
Good

12 137p

Prepared for

United States Navy Underwater Sound Laboratory
Fort Trumbull, Connecticut

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DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT

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Gp 6

149 510

(ENTRANCE)

I

I

THIS IS MAIN CONTROL PROGRAM FOR SIMULATION

COMMON /TWOB2/ B2S,B2E

COMMON /LABEL/ RI,RCJ,SS1,SE1,HS1,HE1,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128),P
1YE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NSI,
2NEI,N,BETAS,BETAE,DELTAS,DELTAE,32,PDS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PPATH(
3128),PEVADF(128),DIFTI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),POS(5
4),PIS(5),PGE(3),POE(3),PIE(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIE,PHIS,A
5LSUBE,ALSURS,AAAAAA,BBBBBB,MFCO,NPCO,BSP,BEP,NR,K,EDEPTH,SDEPTH,RC
6,FOS ,FRWS ,FRLOSE,

A PTS(128), FXS(128), PNS(128), FVS(128),

B F0E ,FRWE ,FRLOEV, F2E

7,F2S,PTI(128),FXE(128),PNE(128),FNE(128),XE,XS,SUMKIL,SUMEVA,PRE,P
BRK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPYN,NMAX,NEMAX

COMMON / ANGRAD / ANGBER(2)

COMMON / INTSPD / VXEINT, VYEINT

COMMON

C / ARRAYC /

D NARRAY(2)

C ARRYH1,

C ARRYH2,

C ARRYW1,

C ARRYW2,

C DELF ,

C FRES1 ,

C FRES2 ,

C QTRAN1,

C QTRAN2,

NDUM2

COMMON

C / ARRAYP /

C DGANGS,

C DGANGE,

D ARRAYD(3,2)

D COSPHI(2)

D COSRAD(2)

C MSHIPS,

D SINPHI(2)

D SINRAD(2)

D TARRIV(3,2)

D TMTSE(3,3)

D TMATEV(3,3)

D TVECTR(3,2)

DDUMMYS

COMMON

C / BEAMCR /

D EULANG(3,4)

D BEMCOR(3,4)

COMMON

C / CALPHA /

C ALPHAE,

C ALPHAS,

C FALPHE,

C FALPHS,

C ONMTAE,

C ONMTAS,

C STNPEV,

C STNPSE,

C TWOALE,

C TWOALS,

C NTMEM

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COMMON
C / CONSTN /
C      DEPSER,
C      NCONSK,
C      SPATSE,
C      DEPEVA,
C      NCONSL,
C      SPATEV
COMMON
C / FREQU /
D      COSAVE(2)
D      DELRCZ,
D      DYHITH(2)
D      ARAREA(2)
C      CTWOPI,
D      SQUAREA(2)
D      FROSIG(128,2)
D      FRQICN(128,2)
D      FRQIDB(128,2)
D      ANGLEP(2)
D      FRQTRN(128,2)
D      FRQASD(128,2)
D      FRONCN(128,2)
D      FRONOS(128,2)
D      NUMFRQ(2)
DDUM8
COMMON
C / INDEXS /
D      ANDISO(16,2)
D      DI1 (50,16)
D      DJ2 (50,16)
D      DLDTAN(16,2)
C      I01
C      I02
CDUMMYA
COMMON
C / LCONST /
C      NULAPO,
C      DEPROT,
D      CONSG0(128)
D      CONSG1(128)
D      CONSG2(128)
D      CONSV0(128)
D      DELTAZ(128)
D      DEPKYD(128)
D      SLOPEJ(128)
D      SPDKYD(128)
COMMON
C / PTHLNG /
C      A1
C      CI
C      CDSQR0,
C      CV
C      DI
C      DZ1
C      I
C      BI
C      SM
C      W
C      X
C      Y1
C      Y2
C      DXDC
C      PL
C      TIMCON

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COMMON
C / RANGES /
C      NUANMO,
C      ANGMAX,
C      DEIANG,
C      DELHAD,
D      ANGINTE(200)
D      RNGMOD(6,200)

COMMON
C / RAYPAR /
C      RANGEH,
D      BOTANG(6)
D      DRDXDC(6)
D      PATHLN(6)
D      RANGE(6)
D      SPI (6)
D      SPT (6)
D      TIR (6)
D      TIR (6)

COMMON
C / RAYTRA /
C      NCONCI,
C      INITLK,
C      ZSTART,
C      Z2 ,
C      SPVRSQ,
C      ANGSTR,
C      ANGARR,
C      ANGRTH,
C      ANGSUR,
C      SPDVER,
C      RANGET

COMMON
C / RCONST /
C      ZONACZ,
C      AMLSRD,
C      ZONRCZ,
C      HCT ,
C      HZSD ,
C      NCONSD,
C      RCZ1 ,
C      RCZ2 ,
C      SDCON ,
C      TCZAV1,
C      TCZAV2,
C      ZW ,

NDU43
COMMON
C / SIGNAL /
D      PRYSEV(128)
D      PRYSSE(128)
D      PRNOEV(128)
D      PRNOSE(128)
D      PROEVA(128)
D      PROSER(128)
D      VAREVA(128)
D      VARSER(128)
D      GMUEVA(128)
D      GMUSER(128)
D      DEVAEV(128)
D      DEVASE(128)
D      DEMUEV(128)
D      DEMUSE(128)
C      THREVA,
C      THRSER,
C      NTIMEN

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COMMON
C / STATIC /
C NDSTAT,
C NESTAT,
D PEDETIN(128)
C PERANG,
C PPATHM,
D PRANGE(128)
D PRANGS(128)
D PRPTEV(128)
D PRPTSF(128)
D PSDETIN(128)
C PSRANG,
C SMPEDT,
C SMPSDI,
C SMTONE,
C SMTONS,
D TCONEN(128)
D TCONSN(128)
C DUMMYB
COMMON
C / STORAG /
D ADI1 (16)
D ADI2 (16)
C AR1X , AR1Y , AR1Z , AR2X , AR2Y , AR2Z ,
C ARRAY1,
C ARRAY2,
C E11 ,
C E12 ,
C E13 ,
C E21 ,
C E22 ,
C E23 ,
C F1E ,
C F1S ,
C DUMMY
COMMON
C / SURDUC /
C BLA1 ,
C BLA2 ,
C BLA3 ,
C DTRAD ,
C J ,
C M ,
D BF1 (128)
D BF2 (128)
D DELRAF(128,2)
D FLN1(128)
D FLN2(128)
D CONLR2(40,50)
D CONLR1(40,50)
C DUM49
COMMON
C / SURFAC /
C A6 ,
C CONST2,
C CONST4,
C CZANGL,
C CZANDL,
C CZRANG,
C G1SD ,
C G2SD ,
C NCZRAS,
C NZONE ,
C RSD ,
C RSD1 ,
C SCSD ,
C SORTZL,
C SS ,
C ZL ,
C DUMMYZ

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*0
*0 DIMENSION
*0 D ANZAV(2)
*0 D ARHITH(2)
*0 D ARQTRN(2)
*0 D ARWIDT(2)
*0 D BAFFUN(128,2)
*0 D CDYOVV(2)
*0 D DIRANG(16,2)
*0 D DIRSON(50,16,2)
*0 D FLONOS(128,2)
*0 D FRQLOW(2)
*0 D FRQRES(2)
*0 D NUDIAN(2)
*0 D SIGPLS(128,2)
*0 D SPOTER(2)
*0 D TMTXRX(3,3,2)
*0 DADUMMY(1)
*0 DIMENSION
*0 D AINPUT(3,2)
*0 D EANGLE(3,2)
*0 DDUMMYA(1)
*0
*0 EQUIVALENCE
*0 Q ( ANZAV, TCZAV1 ),
*0 Q ( DIRANG, AD11 ),
*0 Q ( ANGPGA, PGANGS ),
*0 Q ( ARHITH, ARRYH1 ),
*0 Q ( ARQTRN, QTRAN1 ),
*0 Q ( AINPUT, AR1X ),
*0 Q ( ARWIDT, ARRYW1 ),
*0 Q ( BAFFUN, BF1 ),
*0 Q ( DIRSON, D11 ),
*0 Q ( EANGLE, F11 ),
*0 Q ( FLONOS, FLN1 ),
*0 Q ( FRQRES, FRES1 ),
*0 Q ( NUDIAN, I01 ),
*0 Q ( TMTXRX, TMAISE ),
*0 Q ( NCONSR, NR )
*0
*0 *****
*0 INPUTS TO PROGRAM
*0 *****
*0
*0 ACZ = CONVERGENT ZONE CONSTANT (DIMENS
*0 AD11 ( ) = ANGLES OF DIFFERENT DIRECTIVITIES FOR SEARCHER (
*0 CHANGED FROM DEGREES TO RADIANs FOR INTERNAL USE
*0 AD12 ( ) = ANGLES OF DIFFERENT DIRECTIVITIES FOR EVADER (
*0 CHANGED FROM DEGREES TO RADIANs FOR INTERNAL USE
*0 ALPHAE = SMOOTHING PARAMETER FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*0 ALPHAS = SMOOTHING PARAMETER FOR SEARCHER (DIMENS
*0 ANGMAX = MAXIMUM ANGLE BEING CONSIDERED FOR RAYS (
*0 AR1X = ONE OF THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS FOR SEARCHER
*0 AR1Y = ONE OF THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS FOR SEARCHER
*0 AR1Z = ONE OF THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS FOR SEARCHER
*0 AR2X = ONE OF THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS FOR EVADER
*0 AR2Y = ONE OF THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS FOR EVADER
*0 AR2Z = ONE OF THE ARRAY DIMENSIONS FOR EVADER
*0 ARRAY1 = TYPE OF ARRAY CONTROL CONSTANT FOR SEARCHER (DIMENS
*0 ARRAY2 = TYPE OF ARRAY CONTROL CONSTANT FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*0 92E = INTEGRATION BANDWIDTH OF POST-DETECTION OF EVADER
*0 92S = INTEGRATION BANDWIDTH OF POST-DETECTION OF SEARCHER
*0 9CZ = CONVERGENT ZONE CONSTANT (DIMENS
*0 9F1 ( ) = BAFFLING CORRECTION FACTOR FOR SEARCHER (DIMENS
*0 AS A FUNCTION OF ANGLE
*0 9F2 ( ) = BAFFLING CORRECTION FACTOR FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*0 AS A FUNCTION OF ANGLE
*0 CONLR1( ) = RADIATED POWER SPECTRUM FROM SEARCHER
*0 CONLR2( ) = RADIATED POWER SPECTRUM FROM EVADER

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*00 DELANG = DIFFERENCE IN ANGLES FOR RAYS (0
*00 DELF = FREQUENCY INCREMENT (0
*00 DELHED = CHANGE IN HEADING OF EVADER (0
*00 DELRNG = CHANGE IN RANGE OF CLOSEST APPROACH (0
*00 DPKYD( ) = DEPTH TO TOP OF LAYER (0
*00 D11 ( , ) = DIRECTIVITY INDEX FOR SONAR ON SEARCHER (0
*00 D12 ( , ) = DIRECTIVITY INDEX FOR SONAR ON EVADER (0
*00 DIFT1 = TIME BETWEEN POINTS ON A BRANCH (0
*00 DPFTFV = EVADER DEPTH (0
*00 DPFTSE = SEARCHER DEPTH (0
*00 DTRAD = ANGLE INCREMENT FOR RADIATED SIGNAL (0
*00 E11 = EULER ANGLE INPUT FOR SEARCHER (0
*00 E12 = EULER ANGLE INPUT FOR SEARCHER (0
*00 E13 = EULER ANGLE INPUT FOR SEARCHER (0
*00 E21 = EULER ANGLE INPUT FOR EVADER (0
*00 E22 = EULER ANGLE INPUT FOR EVADER (0
*00 E23 = EULER ANGLE INPUT FOR EVADER (0
*00 F0E = PRE-DETECTION FILTER CENTER FREQUENCY FOR EVADER (0
*00 F0S = PRE-DETECTION FILTER CENTER FREQUENCY FOR SEARCHER (0
*00 F1E = LOWER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF EVADER EQUIPMENT (0
*00 F1S = LOWER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF SEARCHER EQUIPMENT (0
*00 F2E = UPPER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF EVADER EQUIPMENT (0
*00 F2S = UPPER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF SEARCHER EQUIPMENT (0
*00 FRWE = PRE-DETECTION FILTER BANDWIDTH OF EVADER (0
*00 FRWS = PRE-DETECTION FILTER BANDWIDTH OF SEARCHER (0
*00 FLN1 ( ) = FLOW NOISE OF SEARCHER (0
*00 FLN2 ( ) = FLOW NOISE OF EVADER (0
*00 FNE ( ) = ORDERED FREQUENCY POINTS FOR NOISE AROUND EVADER (0
*00 SAME AS FXE (0
*00 FNS ( ) = ORDERED FREQUENCY POINTS FOR NOISE AROUND SEARCHER (0
*00 SAME AS FXS (0
*00 FRES1 = TRANSDUCER RESONANT FREQUENCY ON SEARCHER (0
*00 FRES2 = TRANSDUCER RESONANT FREQUENCY ON EVADER (0
*00 FXE ( ) = ORDERED FREQUENCY POINTS FOR SIGNAL RECEIVED BY EVADER (0
*00 SAME AS FNE (0
*00 FXS ( ) = ORDERED FREQUENCY POINTS FOR SIGNAL RECEIVED BY SEARCHER (0
*00 SAME AS FNS (0
*00 HDINFEV = INITIAL HEADING OF EVADER (0
*00 HEDMAX = MAXIMUM HEADING OF EVADER (0
*00 HS1 = HEADING OF SEARCHER (0
*00 I01 = NUMBER OF DIRECTIVITY ANGLES FOR SEARCH (DIMENS0
*00 I02 = NUMBER OF DIRECTIVITY ANGLES FOR EVADER (DIMENS0
*00 MAXLAY = MAXIMUM LAYERS TO BE USED TO FIT PROFILE (DIMENS0
*00 MAXTIM = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF POINTS ON A BRANCH (DIMENS0
*00 MECO = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR EVASION COURSE OPTIONS (DIMENS0
*00 1 = INVERSE BEARING RIDER OPTION (0
*00 2 = NORMAL TO SEARCH EVASION (0
*00 3 = CONTINUE INITIAL COURSE (0
*00 NEMAX = MAXIMUM POINT ALONG BRANCH TO START EVASION (DIMENS0
*00 NEWLAY = CONTROL CONSTANT FOR INITIALIZATION (DIMENS0
*00 NEGATIVE = NEW PROFILE (0
*00 ZERO = OLD PROFILE-- NEW SHIP DEPTHS OR DELTA ANGLE (0
*00 POSITIVE = OLD PROFILE-- OLD SHIP DEPTHS AND ANGLES (0
*00 NPCO = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR PURSUIT COURSE OPTIONS (DIMENS0
*00 1 = BEARING RIDER CLOSING TACTICS (0
*00 2 = COLLISION COURSE CLOSING TACTICS (0
*00 3 = CONTINUE INITIAL COURSE (0
*00 NPRINT = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR AMOUNT OF PRINTOUT (DIMENS0
*00 NSMAX = MAXIMUM POINT ALONG BRANCH TO START CLOSING (DIMENS0
*00 NULAPO = NUMBER OF LAYERS PLUS ONE (DIMENS0
*00 PDEMIN = MINIMUM DETECTION PROBABILITY ALLOWED (DIMENS0
*00 AFTER SHIPS START SEPARATING AS SEEN BY EVADER (0
*00 PDSMIN = MINIMUM DETECTION PROBABILITY ALLOWED (DIMENS0
*00 AFTER SHIPS START SEPARATING AS SEEN BY SEARCHER (0
*00 PHIE = DEPRESSION ANGLE FOR EVADER STEERING (0
*00 PHIS = DEPRESSION ANGLE FOR SEARCHER STEERING (0
*00 POR = POROSITY OF BOTTOM (DIMENS0
*00 PPAMIN = MINIMUM PATH PROBABILITY TO BE CONSIDERED (DIMENS0
*00 PRE = A-PRIORI PROBABILITY OF EVASION (DIMENS0
*00 PRK = A-PRIORI PROBABILITY OF A KILL (DIMENS0

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CONSTANTS IN PROGRAM

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*0 BRNEVA = BRANCH SUMMATION OF EVASION PROBABILITY
*0 BRNKIL = BRANCH SUMMATION OF KILL PROBABILITY
*0 BSP = AZIMUTHAL ANGLE OF SEARCHER MEASURED FROM EVADER
*0 CDSQRD = COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 CI =
*0 = COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 CLPH = CONTROL CONSTANT FOR CLOSE PHASE (DIMENS
*0 0 = NOT IN CLOSE PHASE
*0 1 = IN CLOSE PHASE
*0 CONNOR = CONSTANT USED FOR NORMALIZING
*0 CONSG0( ) = G0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY LAYERS ROUTINE (SEC**2/
*0 CONSG1( ) = G1 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY LAYERS ROUTINE (SEC**2/
*0 CONSG2( ) = G2 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY LAYERS ROUTINE (K
*0 CONST2 =
*0 = COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 CONST4 =
*0 = COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 CONSV0( ) = V0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY LAYERS ROUTINE ((SEC/K
*0 COSAVE( ) = COSINE OF AVERAGE OF CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLES (DIMENS
*0 COSPHI( ) = COSINE OF STEERING DEPRESSION ANGLE FOR SHIPS (DIMENS
*0 COSRAD( ) = COSINE OF AZIMUTHAL SIGNAL ARRIVAL ANGLE (DIMENS
*0 CFWOPI = CONSTANT EQUAL TO TWO TIMES PI (DIMENS
*0 CV =
*0 = COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 CZANDL = DELTA ANGLE FOR CONVERGENT ZONE SEARCH
*0 CZANEO = SMALLER CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLE (IN RADIANS) FOR EVADER
*0 CZANFT = LARGER CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLE (IN RADIANS) FOR EVADER
*0 CZANGL = ANGLE BEING USED FOR CONVERGENT ZONE RANGE SEARCH
*0 CZANSO = SMALLER CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLE (IN RADIANS) FOR SEARCH
*0 CZANST = LARGER CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLE (IN RADIANS) FOR SEARCH
*0 CZRANG = RANGE FOR CONVERGENT ZONE RAY
*0 D = DEPTH (IN K-YD) IN LAYER
*0 DELBAF( , ) = DIFFERENCE IN BAFFLING VALUES
*0 DELRAD = DIFFERENCE IN ANGLES FOR RAYS
*0 DELRCZ = WIDTH OF CONVERGENT ZONE
*0 DELTAZ( ) = THICKNESS OF LAYER
*0 DEMUEV( ) = MODIFIED MU FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*0 DEMUSE( ) = MODIFIED MU FOR SEARCHER (DIMENS
*0 DEPBOT = DEPTH OF BOTTOM
*0 DEPEVA = DEPTH OF EVADER
*0 DEPSER = DEPTH OF SEARCHER
*0 DEVAEV( ) = MODIFIED VARIANCE FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*0 DEVASE( ) = MODIFIED VARIANCE FOR SEARCHER (DIMENS
*0 DGANGS = AZIMUTHAL MAIN-BEAM STEERING ANGLE FOR SEARCHER
*0 DGANGE = AZIMUTHAL MAIN-BEAM STEERING ANGLE FOR SEARCHER
*0 DI =
*0 = COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 DIRANG( , ) = ANGLES USED WITH DIFFERENT DIRECTIVITY CURVES
*0 DIRSON( , ) = DIRECTIVITY INDEX FOR SONAR
*0 DLDIAN( , ) = DIFFERENCES IN ANGLES OF DIRECTIVITIES
*0 DRDMSC( ) = DERIVATIVE (DXDC) FOR RAY TYPE ((SEC/K
*0 DUMMY1 = DUMMY VARIABLE
*0 DXDC = RANGE DERIVATIVE
*0 DYHITH( ) = ARRAY HEIGHT CONSTANT (YD-S
*0 NOT USED OR REQUIRED
*0 DZ1 = DEPTH (IN K-YD) FROM TOP OF LAYER TO STARTING POINT
*0 EANGLE( , ) = EULER ANGLES INPUT TO PROGRAM
*0 EDEPTH = SEE -DEPEVA-
*0 EULANG( , ) = EULERIAN ANGLE AND THEIR SINE AND COSINE (DIMENS
*0 EVPH = CONTROL CONSTANT FOR EVADE PHASE (DIMENS
*0 0 = NOT IN EVADE PHASE
*0 1 = IN EVADE PHASE
*0 FACTOR = MODIFICATION FACTOR FOR PATH PROBABILITIES (DIMENS
*0 FALPHE = FRACTION (ONMIAE**2/(1-ONMIAE**2)) (DIMENS
*0 FALPHS = FRACTION (ONMIAS**2/(1-ONMIAS**2)) (DIMENS
*0 FILSER = FUNCTION FOR FILTER RESPONSE OF SEARCHER
*0 FILEVA = FUNCTION FOR FILTER RESPONSE OF EVADER
*0 FLONOS( , ) = FLOW AND SELF NOISE FOR SHIPS
*0 FRLOEV = LOWER INTEGRATION FREQUENCY FOR EVADER
*0 FRLOSE = LOWER INTEGRATION FREQUENCY FOR SEARCHER

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*0 FRQASD( , ) = INTER-RANGE CONSTANT TIME SORT( FREQUENCY/LAYER DEPTH
*0 FRQIDB( , ) = TEN.LOG( FREQUENCY ) AS A FUNCTION OF SHIP
*0 FRQLCN( , ) = LAYER CONSTANT AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY AND SHIP
*0 FRQLOW( , ) = LOWER FREQUENCY OF INTEGRATION
*0 FRQNCN( , ) = NOISE SPECTRA UNALTERED BY SONAR DIRECTIVITY
*0 FRQNOSC( , ) = FREQUENCY POINTS OF NOISE AS FUNCTION OF SHIP
*0 FRQRES( , ) = TRANSDUCER RESONANT FREQUENCY FOR SHIPS
*0 FRQSIG( , ) = FREQUENCY POINTS USED FOR SIGNAL COMPUTATIONS
*0 FRQTRN( , ) = FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF TRANSDUCER ELEMENTS (DIMENS
*0 FTOKY = FUNCTION TO CHANGE FEET TO KILO-YARDS
*0 G1SD
*0 =
*0 COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 G2SD
*0 =
*0 COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 GMUSER( ) = MEAN OF SMOOTHED SEARCHER S/N
*0 GMUEVA( ) = MEAN OF SMOOTHED EVADER S/N
*0 H
*0 =
*0 COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 HCI
*0 =
*0 COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 HE1 = HEADING OF EVADER (
*0 HZSD = SURFACE DUCT CONSTANT
*0 I
*0 =
*0 COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 INITLK = LAYER NUMBER IN WHICH RAY PORTION STARTS (DIMENS
*0 J
*0 =
*0 COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 JUMPIF = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR RECALCULATING A LAYER CONSTANT
*0 K = INITIALLY THE LAYER IN WHICH THE STARTING POINT IS FO
*0 LAYER IN WHICH CALCULATIONS ARE BEING MADE
*0 K = INDEX VARIABLE USED IN INTEGRATION ROUTINE (DIMENS
*0 L = LAYER IN WHICH FINAL POINT (Z2) IS LOCATED
*0 LAYERL = LAYER IN WHICH A LOWER VERTEX IS FOUND (DIMENS
*0 LAYERM = LAYER IN WHICH VELOCITY PROFILE HAS A ZERO (DIMENS
*0 LAYERS = LAYER WHICH CONTAINS SHALLOWER SHIP (DIMENS
*0 M
*0 =
*0 MAXLAY = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF LAYERS ALLOWED INCLUDING ADDED POIN
*0 MSHIPS = CONTROL NUMBER OF SHIP (DIMENS
*0 1 = SEARCHER
*0 2 = EVADER
*0 N
*0 = POINT ON BRANCH (DIMENS
*0 NARRAY( ) = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR TYPE OF ARRAY (DIMENS
*0 NOT USED OR REQUIRED
*0 NCONCI = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR DIFFERENT SUBROUTINES TO BE CAL
*0 NCONSD = AMOS CONSTANT SD
*0 NCONSK = NUMBER OF LAYER CONTAINING SEARCHER (DIMENS
*0 NCONSL = NUMBER OF LAYER CONTAINING EVADER (DIMENS
*0 NCZRAS
*0 =
*0 COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0 NDSTAT = INTEGER VALUE OF THE D-STATE
*0 NE1 = POINT ALONG BRANCH WHEN EVADER STARTS EVADING (DIMENS
*0 NESTAT = INTEGER VALUE OF THE E-STATE
*0 VNFLAG = DEBUG PARAMETER TO SHOW PROGRAM FLOW
*0 VR = CONTROL CONSTANT FOR POSITION IN BRANCHES (DIMENS
*0 VSI = POINT ALONG BRANCH WHEN SEARCHER START CLOSING (DIMENS
*0 VSTART = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR START OF LOOP
*0 NTIMEN = NTIMEN MINUS ONE (DIMENS
*0 NTIMEN = POSITION ALONG PROBABILITY TREE BRANCH (DIMENS
*0 NUANMO = NUMBER OF ANGLES FOR RAYS MINUS ONE (DIMENS
*0 NUDIAN( ) = NUMBER OF DIRECTIVITY ANGLES FOR SHIPS (DIMENS
*0 NUMANG = NUMBER OF ANGLE BEING CONSIDERED FOR RAYS (DIMENS
*0 NUMFRO( ) = NUMBER OF FREQUENCY POINTS FOR INYEGRATION (DIMENS
*0 NUMHD = NUMBER OF HEADINGS TO BE CONSIDERED
*0 NUMLAY = NUMBER OF LAYERS
*0 NUMRNG = NUMBER OF RANGES FOR CLOSEST APPROACH BEING CONSIDERE
*0 NVTXLO = LAYER NUMBER BELOW LOWER VERTEX LAYER (DIMENS
*0 NVTXUP = LAYER NUMBER IN WHICH RAY VERTEXES (DIMENS
*0 NZONE

```

```

00      COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
00      ONMIAE      = ONE MINUS ALPHA      (DIMENS
00      ONMIAA      = ONE MINUS ALPHAS    (DIMENS
00      P           = DUMMY VARIABLE FOR COMPUTING PATHLENGTHS
00      PATHLN( )   = PATH LENGTH OF RAY TYPE
00      PDE ( )     =
00      PDS ( )     = PROBABILITY OF DETECTION BY SEARCHER (DIMENS
00      PE ( )      = PROBABILITY OF EVASION AS A FUNCTION OF STATE (DIMENS
00      PEDETNC( )  = INITIAL PROBABILITY OF EVADER DETECTION (DIMENS
00      PERANG      = RANGE OF DETECTION BY EVADER
00      PEVADE( )   = PROBABILITY OF EVASION AT EACH BRANCH POINT (DIMENS
00      PGE ( )     = PROBABILITY OF SEARCHER EVENT OTHER THAN KILL (DIMENS
00      PGS ( )     = PROBABILITY OF EVADER EVENT OTHER THAN EVADE (DIMENS
00      PHI         = ANGLE RAY MAKES WITH SHIP AXIS (
00      PTE ( )     = SEE -PRYSEV- (DIMENS
00      A-PRIORI PROBABILITY OF DETECTION BY EVADER
00      NOT USED OR REQUIRED
00      PIS ( )     = SEE -PRYSSE- (DIMENS
00      A-PRIORI PROBABILITY OF DETECTION BY SEARCHER
00      NOT USED OR REQUIRED
00      PKDS ( )    = PROBABILITY OF KILL GIVEN DETECTION BY SEARCHER (DIMENS
00      PKILL ( )   = PROBABILITY OF KILL AT EACH POINT ON BRANCH (DIMENS
00      PL          = PATH LENGTH OF RAY
00      PNE ( )     = NOISE POWER SPECTRUM AS SEEN BY EVADER
00      PNS ( )     = NOISE POWER SPECTRUM AS SEEN BY SEARCHER
00      POE ( )     = SEE -PRNOEV- (DIMENS
00      A-PRIORI PROBABILITY THAT NO DETECTION BY EVADER
00      NOT USED OR REQUIRED
00      POS ( )     = SEE -PRNOSE- (DIMENS
00      A-PRIORI PROBABILITY OF NO DETECTION BY SEARCHER
00      NOT USED OR REQUIRED
00      POWRCD      = COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
00      PPATH ( )   = PROBABILITY THAT POINT ON BRANCH IS PASSED (DIMENS
00      PPATHM      = PROBABILITY OF REACHING THE PRESENT POINT (DIMENS
00      J. E. P-OF-PATH FOR N-MINUS-ONE
00      PRANGE( )   = RANGE OF FIRST DETECTION BY EVADER
00      PRANGS( )   = RANGE OF FIRST DETECTION BY SEARCHER
00      PROEVAL( )  = PROBABILITY OF DETECTION BY EVADER (DIMENS
00      PROSER( )   = PROBABILITY OF DETECTION BY SEARCHER (DIMENS
00      PRNOEV( )   = EVADER DECISION PROBABILITY OF NO-DETECTION (DIMENS
00      PRNOSE( )   = SEARCHER DECISION PROBABILITY OF NO-DETECTION (DIMENS
00      PRNTEV      = PROBABILITY OF NOT BEING DETECTED BY EVADER (DIMENS
00      PRNTSE      = PROBABILITY OF NOT BEING DETECTED BY SEARCHER (DIMENS
00      PRPTEV( )   = PROBABILITY OF PATH OF DETECTIONS FOR EVADER (DIMENS
00      PRPTSE( )   = PROBABILITY OF PATH OF DETECTIONS FOR SEARCHER (DIMENS
00      PRYSEV( )   = EVADER DECISION PROBABILITY OF DETECTION (DIMENS
00      PRYSSE( )   = SEARCHER DECISION PROBABILITY OF DETECTION (DIMENS
00      PSDETNC( )  = INITIAL PROBABILITY OF SEARCHER DETECTION (DIMENS
00      PSRANG      = RANGE OF DETECTION BY SEARCHER
00      PTE ( )     = SIGNAL POWER SPECTRUM AS SEEN BY EVADER
00      PTS ( )     = SIGNAL POWER SPECTRUM AS SEEN BY SEARCHER
00      PXE ( )     = EVADER X-POSITION AT POINT ON BRANCH
00      PXS ( )     = SEARCHER X-POSITION AT POINT ON BRANCH
00      PYE ( )     = EVADER Y-POSITION AT POINT ON BRANCH
00      PYS ( )     = SEARCHER Y-POSITION AT POINT ON BRANCH
00      PZE ( )     = EVADER Z-POSITION AT POINT ON BRANCH
00      PZS ( )     = SEARCHER Z-POSITION AT POINT ON BRANCH
00      Q1          = DUMMY VARIABLE
00      Q2          = DUMMY VARIABLE
00      RAD         =
00      = COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
00      RANGE ( )   = HORIZONTAL RANGE BETWEEN SHIPS AT POINT ON BRANCH
00      RANGEFC( )  = COMPUTED RANGE FOR RAY TYPE
00      RANGHC      = HORIZONTAL RANGE BETWEEN SHIPS
00      RANGET      = HORIZONTAL TRAVEL OF RAY PORTION
00      RC          =
00      RCJ         = RANGE OF CLOSE
00      RCZ1        = CONVERGENT ZONE RANGE
00      RCZ2        = CONVERGENT ZONE RANGE
00      RNGMOD( , ) = HORIZONTAL RANGE OF RAY FOR EACH MODE OF PROPAGATION
00      RNGSTR      = RANGE OF CLOSING TO INITIALIZE RNGCLS PROPERLY
00      RSD         =

```

```

*0      COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0      RSD1      =
*0      SCSD      =
*0      COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0      SDCON      = WAVE HEIGHT PARAMETER
*0      SDCON      = SURFACE DUCT CONSTANT
*0      SDEPTH      = SEE -DEPSER-
*0      SE1      = CONSTANT SPEED OF EVADER (K
*0      SIGPLS( , ) = SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO PLUS ONE FOR SHIPS (DIMENS
*0      SINPH( ) = SINE OF STEERING DEPRESSION ANGLES FOR SHIPS (DIMENS
*0      SINRAD( ) = SINE OF AZIMUTHAL SIGNAL ARRIVAL ANGLE (DIMENS
*0      SLOPEJ( ) = SLOPE IN LAYER (SEC**2/
*0      SM      = SUMMATION VARIABLE
*0      SMPEDT      = SUMMATION FOR COMPUTING AVERAGE EVADED DETECT(DIMENS
*0      SMPSDT      = SUMMATION FOR COMPUTING AVERAGE SEARCHER DETEC(DIMENS
*0      SMTONE      = TOTAL TIME EVADER IS IN CONTACT WITH SEARCHER
*0      SMTONS      = TOTAL TIME SEARCHER IS IN CONTACT WITH EVADER
*0      SPAFUN      = FUNCTION TO COMPUTE THE SPA REQUIRED
*0      SPATEV      = PROPAGATION SPEED AT EVADER (K
*0      SPATSE      = PROPAGATION SPEED AT SEARCHER
*0      SPDTRF( ) = SPEED OF PROPAGATION AT SHIPS (K
*0      SPDVER      = PROPAGATION SPEED AT VERTEX OF RAY (K
*0      SPI( ) = SPREADING LOSS CONSTANT (DIMENS
*0      SPT( ) = SPREADING LOSS CONSTANT (DIMENS
*0      SPVRSQ      = VERTEX VELOCITY OF RAY SQUARED ((K-YD2
*0      SQUAREA( ) = ARRAY CONSTANT (YD-S
*0      SORTZL      =
*0      COMPUTATIONAL VARIABLE
*0      SS1      = CONSTANT SPEED OF SEARCHER (K
*0      STATD      = SEE -NDSTAT-
*0      STATE      = SEE -NESTAT-
*0      STNPEV      = SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO PLUS ONE FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*0      STNPSE      = SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO PLUS ONE FOR SEARCHER (DIMENS
*0      SUMEVA      = ACCUMULATIVE PROBABILITY OF EVASION (DIMENS
*0      SUMKIL      = ACCUMULATIVE PROBABILITY OF EVASION (DIMENS
*0      SUMPTH      = SUMMATION OF PATH PROBABILITIES AT BRANCH ENDS(DIMENS
*0      SUMTOT      = A SUMMATION OF ALL POSSIBLE PROBABILITIES (DIMENS
*0      SURANG( ) = SURFACE ANGLE FOR THE RAY TYPE (
*0      NOT USED OR REQUIRED
*0      TARRIV( , ) = TRANSFORMED ARRIVAL ANGLE VECTOR (DIMENS
*0      TCONEN( ) = TIME EVADER IS IN CONTACT AT BRANCH POINT
*0      TCONS( ) = TIME SEARCHER IS IN CONTACT AT BRANCH POINT
*0      TCZAV1      = AVERAGE OF CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLES (
*0      TCZAV2      = AVERAGE OF CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLES (
*0      TI      = STARTING ANGLE (IN DEGREES) OF RAY FROM SEARCHER
*0      TI      = TIME INCREMENT FOR RAY TO GO X K-YD
*0      TIMCON      = PROPAGATION TIME OF RAY
*0      TIR( ) = INITIAL ANGLE OF RAY WITH RANGEH (
*0      TMATEV( , ) = TRANSFORMATION MATRIX FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*0      TMATRX( , ) = TRANSFORMATION MATRIX (DIMENS
*0      TMATSE( , ) = TRANSFORMATION MATRIX FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*0      TSTOKY      = FUNCTION TO CHANGE KNOTS TO KILO-YARDS/SECOND
*0      TTR( ) = ARRIVAL ANGLE OF RAY TYPE (
*0      TVECTR( , ) = TRANSFORMED BEAM-STEERING-DIRECTION VECTOR (DIMENS
*0      TWOALE      = TWO TIMES ALPHAS**2 (DIMENS
*0      TWOALS      = TWO TIMES ALPHAS**2 (DIMENS
*0      UC      = VELOCITY OF PROPAGATION (IN K-YD/SEC) AT POINT IN LAY
*0      V      = PROPAGATION SPEED AT END POINT OF RAY (K
*0      VAREVA( ) = VARIANCE OF SMOOTHED S/N FOR EVADER
*0      VARSER( ) = VARIANCE OF SMOOTHED S/N FOR SEARCHER
*0      VXE( ) = X-COMPONENT OF EVADER VELOCITY AT POINT ON BRANCH (K
*0      VXEINT      = INITIAL EVADER SPEED IN X-DIRECTION (K
*0      VXS( ) = X-COMPONENT OF SEARCHER VELOCITY AT POINT ON BRANCH(K
*0      VYE( ) = Y-COMPONENT OF EVADER VELOCITY AT POINT ON BRANCH (K
*0      VYEINT      = INITIAL EVADER SPEED IN Y-DIRECTION (K
*0      VYS( ) = Y-COMPONENT OF SEARCHER VELOCITY AT POINT ON BRANCH(K
*0      X      = RANGE (IN K-YD) OF HORIZONTAL TRAVEL OF RAY WITHIN LA
*0      X      = FRACTIONAL PART OF LAYER
*0      XE      = SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO AT EVADER (DIMENS
*0      XS      = SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO AT SEARCHER (DIMENS

```



```

Y1      =
Y2      =
Z1      = STARTING DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF RAY
Z1B     = STARTING DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF CONVERGENT ZONE RAY
Z1B     = DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF EVADER
Z2      = ENDING DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF RAY
Z2B     = ENDING DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF CONVERGENT ZONE RAY
Z2B     = DEPTH OF EVADER
ZB      = DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF POINT WITHIN LAYER TO WHICH RAY IS
ZL      = DEPTH OF MAX OR MIN POINT IN VELOCITY PROFILE
ZONACZ  = MODIFIED VALUE OF ACZ FOR SIMPLIFICATION (DIMENS*
ZONBCZ  = MODIFIED VALUE OF BCZ FOR SIMPLIFICATION (DIMENS*
ZSTART  = STARTING DEPTH OF RAY PORTION
ZVLO    = DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF VERTEX POINT OF CONVERGENT RAY
ZVUP    = DEPTH OF UPPER VERTEX POINT FOR RAY

```

```

*****

```

```

NAMELIST
N / AVERAG /
N SUMTOT, SUMKIL, SUMEVA, SUMPTH,
N TRENOR, TREKIL, TREEVA, TREPTH,
N CONNOR, AVEKIL, AVEEVA, AVEPTH,
N SMPEDT, SMPSDT, SMTENS, SMTENE, PERANG, PSRANG
N / BOTTOM /
N TIR, TTR, RANGEC, PATHLN, DRDXDC, BOTANG, SPI, SPT, RANGEN
N / BRANCH /
N NE1, NS1, NR, SUMKIL, BRNKIL, SUMEVA, BRNEVA, AVBREV, AVBRKL
N / CHECKS /
N RCJ, HE1
N / CZONEN /
N AMLSRD, HCL, HZSD, SDON, NCONSD,
N RCZ1, RCZ2, TCZAV1, TCZAV2
NAMELIST
N / DATAIN /
N ACZ, ADI1, ADI2, ALPHAE, ALPHAS, ANGMAX, AR1X, AR1Y,
N AR1Z, AR2X, AR2Y, AR2Z, ARRAY1, ARRAY2, ARRYH1, ARRYH2,
N ARRYW1, ARRYW2, B2E, B2S, BETAE, BETAS, BF1,
N BF2, CONLR1, CONLR2, DELANG, DELF, DELHED, DELRNG, DELTAE,
N DELTAS, DEPEVA, DEPKYD, DEPSER, DI1, DI2, DIFT1, DTRAD,
N DPTEV, DPTESE,
N E11, E12, E13, E21, E22, E23, F0E, F0S,
N F1E, F1S, F2E, F2S, FBWE, FBWS, FLN1, FLN2,
N FNE, FNS, FRES1, FRES2, FxE, FxS, HDINEV, HEDMAX,
N HS1, IO1, IO2, MAXAY, MAXTIM, MECO, NEMAX, NPCO,
N NEWLAY,
N NPRINT,
N NSMAX, NULAPD, PDEMIN, PDSMIN, PHIE, PHIS, POR, PPAMIN,
N PRE, PRK, QTRAN1, QTRAN2, RGINEV, RI, RNGMAX, SPDEVA,
N SS,
N SPDKYD, SPDSER, THREVA, THRSE, WRANGE, ZW
NAMELIST
N / DATAOU /
N ADI1, ADI2, DI1, DI2, IO1, IO2,
N BF1, BF2, CONLR1, CONLR2, DEPKYD, FLN1, FLN2, FNE, FNS, FxE, FxS,
N ARRAYD,
N FULANG,
N SPDKYD, DUMMY1
N / FVALUE /
N COSAVE, DELRCZ, DYHITH, ARAREA, CTWOPI, SQUARE, ANGDEP, ARWIDT,
N FROLCN, FROIDR, FROTRN, FROQSD, FROCN, NUMFRO
NAMELIST
N / INPUTS /
N ACZ, RCZ,
N ALPHAE, ALPHAS, ANGMAX, ARRAY1, ARRAY2, ARRYH1, ARRYH2, ARRYW1,
N AR1X, AR1Y, AR1Z, AR2X, AR2Y, AR2Z,
N ARRYW2, B2E, B2S, BETAE, BETAS, DELANG, DELF, DELHED,
N DPTEV, DPTESE,
N DELRNG, DELTAE, DELTAS, DEPEVA, DEPSER, DIFT1, DTRAD, F0E,
N F0S, F1E, F1S, F2E, F2S, FBWE, FBWS, FRES1,
N FRES2, HDINEV, HS1, MAXAY, MAXTIM, MECO, NEMAX, NPCO,

```



```

.....
*
.....
      I
      0(.....)
      I
.....
* 260 CONTINUE
.....
      I
      I
.....
* IF( SS1 .GT. SE1 )
*   GO TO 270
.....
      I
.....
* WRITE ( 6,11000 )
.....
      I
.....
* GO TO 10
.....)A
.....
*
.....
      I
      0(.....)
      I
.....
* 270 CONTINUE
.....
      I
.....
* IF( NEWLAY )
*   290, 280, 380
.....
      I
.....
* 290 CONTINUE
* CALL
*   S      LAYERS
*   S      ( MAXLAY )
.....
      I
.....
* IF( NULAPD .GE. MAXLAY )
*   GO TO 20
.....
      I
      0(.....)
      I

```

```

.....
* 280 CONTINUE
*   DEPEVA = FITORY( DPEFV )
*   DEPSER = FITORY( DPEFSF )
*   CALL
*   S      RAYCTL
*   CALL
*   S      MSTRAY
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( NPRINT .LT. 1 )
*     GO TO 380
.....

```

```

.....
*   WRITE( 6, FZONEN )
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( NPRINT .LT. 3 )
*     GO TO 380
.....

```

```

.....
* 20 CONTINUE
*   NUMLAY = NULAPO - 1
*   WRITE ( 6, 2000 )
.....

```

```

.....
* DO 100
*   I = 1, NUMLAY
.....

```

```

.....
*   VELMID = FVELOC( DELTAZ(1)/2.0, 1 )
*   WRITE ( 6, 7000 )
*   W 1,
*   W DEPKYD(1),
*   W DELTAZ(1),
*   W SPDKYD(1),
*   W CONSG0(1),
*   W CONSG0(1),
*   W CONSG1(1),
*   W CONSG2(1),
*   W SLOPEJ(1),
*   W VELMID
*   X = DELTAZ(1)/20.0
*   VELOC1 = SPDKYD(1)
*   D = 0.0
.....

```



```

.....
* DO 100
*      J = 1.20
.....

```

```

.....
*      D = D * X
*      UC = FVELOC( D, I )
*      DELTAV = VFLOC1 - UC
*      VELOC1 = UC
*      SLOPEN = DELTAV/X
*      WRITE ( 6, 3000 )
*      W UC
*      W , DELTAV, SLOPEN
.....

```

```

.....
* 100 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*      WRITE ( 6, 7000 )
*      W NULAPO,
*      W DEPKYD(NULAPO),
*      W DELTAZ(NULAPO),
*      W SPDKYD(NULAPO),
*      W CONSVN(NULAPO),
*      W CONSGN(NULAPO)
*      IF( NULAPO .GE. MAXLAY ) CALL DUMP
*      N1 = NULAPO + 1
*      WRITE ( 6, 4000 )
*      WRITE ( 6, 5000 )
*      W ( ANGINT(J), ( RNGMOD(I,J), I = 1,6 ), J = 1,N1 )
.....

```

```

.....
* 180 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

*2
*2      SET UP CONSTANTS USED IN PROGRAM
*2

```

```

*      NEMAX = MAXTIM
*      NSMAX = MAXTIM
*      ZONACZ = 60.0 - ACZ
*      ZONRCZ = RCZ - ACZ
*      AMAXNN = MAXTIM
*      BLA1 = POR/0.24
*      BLA2 = ( 1.0 - BLA1 )/3.125/CONSP1/CONSP1
*      BLA3 = 6.0 + 22.0*( POR - 0.27 )
*      DELRCZ = RCZ2 - RCZ1
*      EDEPTH = DEPEVA
*      HCI = 30.0 + HCI + HZSD
*      RNGSTR = RCINEV - DELRNG
*      SDEPTH = DEPSER
*      WAVECN = 1.035*TNLG10( ZW ) - 44.0
*      ONMIAE = 1.0 - ALPHAE
*      A1 = ONMIAE*ONMIAE
*      FALPHE = A1/( 1.0 - A1 )
*      TWOALE = 2.0*ALPHAE*ALPHAE
*      THREVA = AMIN1( THREVA, 1.4142*TWOALE*FALPHE/A1 + 1.0 )
*      ONMIAS = 1.0 - ALPHAS
*      A1 = ONMIAS*ONMIAS
*      FALPHS = A1/( 1.0 - A1 )
*      TWOALS = 2.0*ALPHAS*ALPHAS
*      THRSE = AMIN1( THRSE, 1.4142*TWOALS*FALPHS/A1 + 1.0 )
*      ANGDEP(1) = PHIS
*      ANGDEP(2) = PHIE
*      FROLOW(1) = F1S
*      FROLOW(2) = F1E
*      NARRAY(1) = ARRAY1
*      NARRAY(2) = ARRAY2
*      NUMFRQ(1) = ( F2S - F1S )/DEF + 1.0
*      NUMFRQ(2) = ( F2E - F1E )/DEF + 1.0
*      SPOTER(1) = SPATSE
*      SPOTER(2) = SPATEV
.....

```

```

.....
DO 400
  I = 1, 2
.....
      I
      I
      I
.....
      COSAVE(M) = COS( ANZAV(M) )
      COSPHI(M) = COS( ANGDEP(M) )
      SINPHI(M) = SIN( ANGDEP(M) )
.....
      SET UP TRANSFORMATION MATRICES
.....
      MS = M + 2
.....

```

```

.....
DO 200
  I = 1, 3
.....
      ARRAYD(I,M) = CONSP1*( AINPUT(I,M)/3.0 )/SPDTER(M)
      A1 = EANGLE(I,M)/DGPRRD
      EULANG(I,MS) = SIN( A1 )
      EULANG(I,M) = COS( A1 )
.....

```

```

.....
200 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
      A1 = EULANG(3,M)*EULANG(1,M)
      A2 = EULANG(3,MS)*EULANG(1,MS)
      A3 = EULANG(3,M)*EULANG(1,MS)
      A4 = EULANG(3,MS)*EULANG(1,M)
      TMATRX(1,1,M) = A1 - A2*EULANG(2,M)
      TMATRX(1,2,M) = A3 + A4*EULANG(2,M)
      TMATRX(1,3,M) = EULANG(2,MS)*EULANG(3,MS)
      TMATRX(2,1,M) = -A3*EULANG(2,M) - A4
      TMATRX(2,2,M) = A1*EULANG(2,M) - A2
      TMATRX(2,3,M) = EULANG(2,MS)*EULANG(3,M)
      TMATRX(3,1,M) = EULANG(2,MS)*EULANG(1,MS)
      TMATRX(3,2,M) = -EULANG(2,MS)*EULANG(1,M)
      TMATRX(3,3,M) = EULANG(2,M)
      ANDISO(1,M) = DIRANG(1,M)/DGPRRD
      N2 = NUDIAN(M)
.....

```

```

.....
DO 300
  I1 = 2, N2
.....

```

```

.....
      I = I1 - 1
      ANDISO(I1,M) = DIRANG(I1,M)/DGPRRD
      OLDIAN(I1,M) = ANDISO(I1,M) - ANDISO(I,M)
.....

```

```

..... 300 CONTINUE

```

```

      SET UP THE DIFFERENT FREQUENCY CONSTANTS

```

```

      F = FRQLW(M)
      FRQLW(M) = FRQLW(M) - DELF
      N1 = NUMFRQ(M) + 1

```

```

      DO 400

```

```

      J = 1,N1

```

```

      FRQSIG(J,M) = F
      FRQNOS(J,M) = F
      A2 = SQRT(F)
      FRQASP(J,M) = SPCON*A2
      A1 = F*F
      FRQLCN(J,M) = ( 40.0/( 4100.0 + A1 ) + 2.75E-4 )*A1
      A1 = F/FRQRES(M)
      A2 = 1.0/(1.0 + (ARQTRN(M)*( A1 - 1.0/A1 ) ) **2 )
      FRQTRN(J,M) = A2
      A3 = TNLG10( F )
      FRQNCN(J,M) = (ALOG1N(WAVECN-1.667*A3)/2.0*ALOG1N(FRQNOS(J,M)))*A2
      FRQIDB(J,M) = A3 + BLA3
      DELBAF(J,M) = HAFFUN(J+1,M) - BAFFUN(J,M)
      F = F + DELF

```

```

..... 400 CONTINUE

```

```

      ARRAYD(1,1) = ARRAYD(1,1)/ARRAY1
      ARRAYD(1,2) = ARRAYD(1,2)/ARRAY2
      N1 = MAX0( NUMFRQ(1), NUMFRQ(2) ) + 2

```

```

      DO 500

```

```

      J = 1,N1

```

```

      FNE(J) = FRQNOS(J,2)
      FNS(J) = FRQNOS(J,1)
      FXE(J) = FRQSIG(J,2)
      FXS(J) = FRQSIG(J,1)

```



```

..... 500 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
000 SET UP CONSTANTS USED IN D- AND E- STATE TABLES
.....

```

```

.....
000 PF(1)=PRF
.....
000 PGE(1)=1.
.....
000 PGS(1)=1.
.....
000 PKDS(1)=PRK
.....

```

```

.....
000 PDE(2)=1.
.....
000 PE(2)=PRF
.....
000 PGS(2)=1.
.....
000 PKDS(2)=0.
.....
000 PRNOEV(2) = 0.0
.....
000 PRYSEV(2) = 1.0
.....

```

```

.....
000 PDE(3)=0.
.....
000 PDS(3)=1.
.....
000 PF(3)=0.
.....
000 PKDS(3)=PRK
.....
000 PRNOEV(3) = 1.0
.....
000 PRNOSE(3) = 0.0
.....
000 PRYSEV(3) = 0.0
.....
000 PRYSSE(3) = 1.0
.....

```

```

.....
000 PDS(4)=1.
.....
000 PKDS(4)=0.
.....
000 PRNOSE(4) = 0.0
.....
000 PRYSSE(4) = 1.0
.....

```

```

.....
000 PDS(5)=0.
.....
000 PKDS(5)=0.
.....
000 PRNOSE(5) = 1.0
.....
000 PRYSSE(5) = 0.0
.....

```

```

.....
000 INITIALIZE SUMMATION CONSTANTS TO ZERO
.....

```

```

.....
000 BRNEVA = 0.0
.....
000 BRNKIL = 0.0
.....
000 PERANG = 0.0
.....
000 PSRANG = 0.0
.....
000 SMPEDT = 0.0
.....
000 SHPSDT = 0.0
.....
000 SHRANG = 0.0
.....
000 SHTCNE = 0.0
.....
000 SHTCNS = 0.0
.....
000 SUMEVA = 0.0
.....
000 SUMPTH = 0.0
.....
000 SUMKIL = 0.0
.....

```

```

.....
000 START LOOPS THROUGH HEADINGS AND RANGES
.....

```

```

.....
000 HF1 = HDINEV
.....
000 NUMHED = ( HEDMAX - HDINEV )/DELHED + 1.0
.....
000 NUMRNG = ( RNGMAX - RGINEV )/DELRNG + 1.0
.....
000 FRLOEV = F1E - DELF
.....
000 FRLOSE = F1S - DELF
.....

```

```

.....
DO 110
.....

```

```

.....
000 K1= 1, NUMHED
.....

```

```

.....
* RCJ = RRGSTR
.....

```

```

.....
* DO 900
* J1 = 1, NUMRNG
.....

```

```

.....
* RCJ = RCJ + DFLRNG
* WRITE ( 6, 1000 )
* WRITE ( 6, CHECKS )
* NR = 1
* NEL = 1
* NSI = 1
* N = 1
* NSTART = 1
* PRATHM = 1.0
*
* INITIALIZE SEARCH PHASE AND POSITIONS
*
* CALL
* S INIT
.....

```

```

.....
* 30 CONTINUE
*
* COMPUTE HEARING ANGLES (IN RADIAN)
*
* CALL
* S RELHR
* RANGEM = RANGE(N)
* CALL
* S STEFRA
*
* COMPUTE RAY TYPES AVAILABLE
*
* CALL
* S RAYNOW
*
* COMPUTE RECEIVED SIGNAL AND NOISE
*
* CALL
* S RECIEV
*
* COMPUTE SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO OF RECEIVED POWER FOR BOTH SHIPS
*
* CALL
* S PSIGP
*
* COMPUTE SIGNAL PLUS NOISE OVER NOISE RATIO
*
* SIGPLS(N,1) =
* E XS
* SIGPLS(N,2) =
* E XS
.....

```

```

.....
* IF( NPRINT .LT. 5 )
* GO TO 370
.....

```

```

.....
* WRITE( 6, NOISES )
.....

```

```

.....
* IF( NPRINT .LE. 7 )
* GO TO 370
.....

```

```

.....I
* WRITE( 6, BOTTOM )
.....
I
DE.....0
I
.....
* 30 CONTINUE
* STNPS = STGPLSN,1)
* STNPFV = STGPLSN,2)
* NTIMEN = N
*
* COMPUTE MEAN AND VARIANCE OF POWER VALUES
*
* CALL
* S MUEVAN
*
* COMPUTE PROBABILITY OF DETECTION FOR THIS TIME
*
* CALL
* S PRODET
*
.....
I
DE.....0
I
.....
* 40 CONTINUE
*
* COMPUTE THE D- AND E- STATES
*
* CALL
* S STAT
*
* SET UP REQUIRED PARTS OF D- AND E- STATE TABLES
*
* CALL
* S TABLE
*
* COMPUTE THE PROBABILITIES OF EVADE, KILL, AND PATH
*
* CALL
* S PROBL
*
* MODIFY THE MEAN AND VARIANCES OF THE POWERS
*
* CALL
* S DEMOVA
* S ( NDSTAT, NESTAT )
*
* COMPUTE PROBABILITIES MODIFIED BY PATH PROBABILITY
*
.....
I
IF( N.EQ. 1 )
* GO TO 50
.....
I
* CALL
* S PROBAL
*
.....
I
DE.....0
I
.....
* 50 CONTINUE
*
* ACCUMULATE THE PROBABILITIES
*
* CALL
* S ACCSTA
*
* DETERMINE IF BRANCH SHOULD BE TERMINATED
*
.....
I

```



```

.....
*   IF( NTIMEN ,GE, MAXTIM )
*   * GO TO 70
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( (PPATHN) ,LT, PPAMIN) ,OR, (( N ,GT, 1) ,AND, (RANGE(N) ,LT,
*   * RANGEIN-1)) ,AND, (( PROSER(N) ,LT, PDSHIN) ,AND, (PROEVA(N)
*   * ,LT, PDEMIN) ))
*   * GO TO 70
.....

```

```

.....
*   UPDATE QUANTITIES FOR NEXT POINT ON BRANCH
*   PPATHN = PPATH(N)
*   N = N + 1
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( (NPCO+MECO ,EQ, 9) ,AND, (NR ,GT, 1) )
*   * GO TO 370
.....

```

```

.....
*   UPDATE SHIP MOTION AND POSITION
*   CALL
*   S   UPDATE
*   CALL
*   S   UPPOS
.....

```

```

.....
*   GO TO 30
.....

```

```

.....
*   70 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( NPRINT ,LT, 4 )
*   * GO TO 360
.....

```

```

.....
*   BRNKIL = SUMKIL + BRNKIL
*   BRNEVA = SUMEVA + BRNEVA
*   AVBRKL = BRNKIL/AMAXNN
*   AVBRFV = BRNEVA/AMAXNN
*   WRITE( 6, BRANCH )
*   BRNKIL = SUMKIL
*   BRNEVA = SUMEVA
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( NPRINT ,LT, 6 )
*   * GO TO 360
.....

```

```

.....
*   WRITE ( 6, 8000 )
.....

```

```

1
.....
* DO 600
*   I = NSTART,N
.....

.....
*   WRITE ( 6, 7000 )
*   W I
*   W PKS (1),
*   W PYS (1),
*   W RANGE (1),
*   W PXE (1),
*   W PYE (1),
*   W PKILL (1),
*   W PEVADR(1),
*   W PPATH (1)
.....

.....
* 600 CONTINUE
.....

.....
*   IF( NPRINT .LT. 7 )
*   * GO TO 360
.....

.....
*   WRITE ( 6, 6000 )
.....

.....
* DO 700
*   I = NSTART,N
.....

.....
*   WRITE ( 6, 7000 )
*   W I
*   W PROSER(1),
*   W GMUSER(1),
*   W VARSER(1),
*   W DEMUSE(1),
*   W DEVASE(1),
*   W PROEVA(1),
*   W GMUEVA(1),
*   W VARUEVA(1),
*   W DEMUEV(1),
*   W DEVAEV(1)
.....

.....
* 700 CONTINUE
.....

.....
*   IF( NPRINT .LT. 8 )
*   * GO TO 360
.....

```

```

*****
* WRITE ( A, 9000 )
*****

```

```

*****
* DO 800 I = NSTART,N
*****

```

```

*****
* WRITE ( A, 7000 )
* W 1
* W PRPTSE(I),
* W PRANGS(I),
* W PSEDTN(I),
* W TCONS(I),
* W SIGPLS(I,1),
* W PRPTEV(I),
* W PRANGE(I),
* W PEDFTN(I),
* W TCONEN(I),
* W SIGPLS(I,2)
*****

```

```

*****
* 800 CONTINUE
*****

```

```

*****
* 800 CONTINUE
* SUMPTH = SUMPTH + PPATH(N)
* C
* DETERMINE NEXT BRANCH TO FOLLOW I.E. SET NEI AND NSI
*****

```

```

*****
* IF ( NR .EQ. 3 )
*   GO TO 80
*****

```

```

*****
* IF ( NR .EQ. 2 )
*   CALL TWO
* IF ( NR .EQ. 1 )
*   CALL PTREE
*****

```

```

*****
* GO TO 90
*****

```

```

*****
* C
*****

```

```

*****
* 80 CONTINUE
* CALL THREE
*****

```

```

*****
* 90 CONTINUE
*****

```

```

*****
* IF ( NR .EQ. 4 )
*   GO TO 900
*****

```



```

.....
*2  RESET   CLOSE AND EVADE PHASES
*2
*   CALL
*   S      RESET
*   N = MAX0( NSI, NEI ) - 1
*   NSTART = N
*   F( N ,GT, NSI )
*   CLPM = 1.0
*   IF( N ,GT, NFI )
*   EVPM = 1.0
*   PPATHM = PPATH(N-1)
*   IF( N .EQ. 1 ) PPATHM = 1.0
*   NTIMEN = N
.....

```

```

.....
*   GO TO 40
.....

```

```

.....
*   900 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*   HE1 = HE1 + DELHED
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( NPRINT .LE. N )
*   GO TO 350
.....

```

```

.....
*   WRITE( 6, TABLES )
.....

```

```

.....
*   350 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*   110 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

*2  NORMALIZE   AND PRINT   OUTPJT
*2
*2
*   CONNOR = MAXTIM*NEMAX*NSMAX*NUMHED*NUMRNG
*   AVEEVA = SUMEVA/CONNOR
*   AVEKIL = SUMKIL/CONNOR
*   AVEPTH = SUMPTH/CONNOR*AMAXNV
*   TRENOR = NUMRNG*NUMHED
*   SHRANG = SHRANG/TRENOR
*   SMPEDT = SMPEDT/TRENOR
*   SMPSDT = SMPSDT/TRENOR
*   SMTONE = SMTONE/TRENOR
*   SMTONS = SMTONS/TRENOR
*   TREKIL = SUMKIL/TRENOR
*   TREEVA = SUMEVA/TRENOR
*   TREPTH = SUMPTH/TRENOR
*   SUMTOT = TREEVA + TREKIL + TREPTH
*   PSRANG = PSRANG/TRENOR
*   PERANG = PERANG/TRENOR
*   WRITE ( 6,12000 )

```

```

*      W TRKIL,
*      W TRFVA,
*      W SMPEDT,
*      W SMPSDT,
*      WRITE ( 6,13000 )
*      W PERANG,
*      W PSRANG,
*      W SMTONE,
*      W SMTONS,
*      W TRENOR,
*      W SUMTOT
*      WRITE ( 6, 1000 )
.....
      I
      I
.....
      IF( NPRINT .LE. 0 )
*      GO TO 140
.....
      I
      I
.....
C
C      PRINT OUT DETAILED LIST OF INPUTS
C
      WRITE ( 6,21000 )
      W ACZ ,
      W ALPHAE,
      W ALPHAS,
      W AR1X ,
      W AR1Y ,
      W AR1Z ,
      W AR2X ,
      W AR2Y ,
      W AR2Z
      WRITE ( 6,22000 )
      W B2E ,
      W B2S ,
      W RCZ ,
      W DELANG,
      W DELF ,
      W DELMED,
      W DELRNG,
      W DIFTI
      WRITE ( 6,23000 )
      W DPFTEV,
      W DPFTSE,
      W DTRAD ,
      W F11 ,
      W F12 ,
      W E13 ,
      W E21 ,
      W F22 ,
      W E23
      WRITE ( 6,24000 )
      W F0E ,
      W F0S ,
      W F1E ,
      W F1S ,
      W F2E ,
      W F2S ,
      W FBWE ,
      W FBWS
      WRITE ( 6,25000 )
      W FRES1 ,
      W FRES2 ,
      W HDINEV,
      W HEDMAX,
      W HS1 ,
      W I01 ,
      W I02 ,

```

```

• W MAXLAY,
• W MAXTIM
• WRITE ( 6,26000 )
• W MECO ,
• W NEMAX ,
• W NEWLAY,
• W NPCO ,
• W NPRINT,
• W NSMAX ,
• W NULAPO,
• W PDEMIN,
• W PDSMIN
• WRITE ( 6,27000 )
• W POR ,
• W PPAMIN,
• W PRE ,
• W PRK ,
• W QTRAN1,
• W QTRAN2,
• W RGINEV,
• W RI ,
• W RNGMAX
• WRITE ( 6,28000 )
• W SPDEVA,
• W SPDSE,
• W SS ,
• W THREVA,
• W THRSE,
• W WRANGE
•21000 FORMAT(
• F / F15.6, 99H = ACZ = FIRST CONVERGENCE ZONE CONSTANT
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = ALPHA E = SMOOTHING PARAMETER FOR EVADER
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = ALPHAS = SMOOTHING PARAMETER FOR SEARCHER
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = AR1X = X-PRIME ARRAY DIMENSION FOR SEARCHER
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = AR1Y = Y-PRIME ARRAY DIMENSION FOR SEARCHER
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = AR1Z = Z-PRIME ARRAY DIMENSION FOR SEARCHER
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = AR2X = X-PRIME ARRAY DIMENSION FOR EVADER
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = AR2Y = Y-PRIME ARRAY DIMENSION FOR EVADER
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = AR2Z = Z-PRIME ARRAY DIMENSION FOR EVADER
• F
• F )
•22000 FORMAT(
• F / F15.6, 99H = R2E = INTEGRATION BANDWIDTH OF POST-DETECTION 0
• FF EVADER
• F / F15.6, 99H = R2S = INTEGRATION BANDWIDTH OF POST-DETECTION 0
• FF SEARCHER
• F / F15.6, 99H = BCZ = SECOND CONVERGENCE ZONE CONSTANT
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = DELANG = ANGLE STEP SIZE FOR RAY PRE-TRACE TABLE
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = DELF = FREQUENCY INCREMENT
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = DELHED = CHANGE IN HEADING OF EVADER
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = DELRNG = CHANGE IN RANGE OF CLOSEST APPROACH
• F
• F / F15.6, 99H = DIFTI = TIME BETWEEN POINTS ON A BRANCH
• F
• F )

```



```

*23000 FORMAT(
  F / F15.6, 99H = DPFTSV = EVADER DEPTH
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = DPFTSE = SEARCHER DEPTH
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = DTRAD = ANGLE INCREMENT FOR RADIATED SIGNAL
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = E11 = FIRST EULER ANGLE FOR SEARCHER (Z AXIS R
  ROTATION)
  F / F15.6, 99H = E12 = SECOND EULER ANGLE FOR SEARCHER (LINE OF
  FNODES ROTATION)
  F / F15.6, 99H = E13 = THIRD EULER ANGLE FOR SEARCHER (Z-PRIME
  FAXIS ROTATION)
  F / F15.6, 99H = E21 = FIRST EULER ANGLE FOR EVADER (Z AXIS R
  ROTATION)
  F / F15.6, 99H = E22 = SECOND EULER ANGLE FOR EVADER (LINE OF
  FNODES ROTATION)
  F / F15.6, 99H = E23 = THIRD EULER ANGLE FOR EVADER (Z-PRIME
  FAXIS ROTATION)
  F )
*24000 FORMAT(
  F / F15.6, 99H = F0E = PRE-DETECTION FILTER CENTER FREQUENCY FOR
  F EVADER
  F / F15.6, 99H = F0S = PRE-DETECTION FILTER CENTER FREQUENCY FOR
  F SEARCHER
  F / F15.6, 99H = F1E = LOWER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF EVADER EQUIPMENT
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = F1S = LOWER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF SEARCHER EQUIPME
  FNT
  F / F15.6, 99H = F2E = UPPER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF EVADER EQUIPMENT
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = F2S = UPPER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF SEARCHER EQUIPME
  FNT
  F / F15.6, 99H = FBWE = PRE-DETECTION FILTER BANDWIDTH OF EVADER
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = FBWS = PRE-DETECTION FILTER BANDWIDTH OF SEARCHER
  F
  F )
*25000 FORMAT(
  F / F15.6, 99H = FRES1 = TRANSDUCER RESONANT FREQUENCY ON SEARCHER
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = FRES2 = TRANSDUCER RESONANT FREQUENCY ON EVADER
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = HDINEV = INITIAL HEADING OF EVADER
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = HEDMAX = MAXIMUM HEADING OF EVADER
  F
  F / F15.6, 99H = HS1 = HEADING OF SEARCHER
  F
  F / I15, 99H = I01 = NUMBER OF DIRECTIVITY ANGLES FOR SEARCHER
  F
  F / I15, 99H = I02 = NUMBER OF DIRECTIVITY ANGLES FOR EVADER
  F
  F / I15, 99H = MAXLAY = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF LAYERS TO BE USED TO FI
  FT PROFILE
  F / I15, 99H = MAXTIM = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF POINTS ON A BRANCH
  F
  F )
*26000 FORMAT(
  F / I15, 99H = MECO = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR EVASION COURSE OPTI
  FONS
  F / I15, 99H = NEMAX = MAXIMUM POINT ALONG BRANCH TO START EVASI
  FON
  F / I15, 99H = NEWLAY = CONTROL CONSTANT FOR INITIALIZATION
  F
  F / I15, 99H = NPCO = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR PURSUIT COURSE OPTI
  FON
  F / I15, 99H = NPRINT = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR AMOUNT OF PRINTOUT
  F
  F / I15, 99H = NSMAX = MAXIMUM POINT ALONG BRANCH TO START CLOSI
  FNG
  F / I15, 99H = NULAPO = NUMBER OF LAYERS PLUS ONE
  F

```

```

* F / F15.6, 99H = PDEMIN = MINIMUM DETECTION PROBABILITY ALLOWED AFT
* FER SHIPS START SEPARATING AS SEEN BY EVADER
* F / F15.6, 99H = PDSMIN = MINIMUM DETECTION PROBABILITY ALLOWED AFT
* FER SHIPS START SEPARATING AS SEEN BY SEARCHER
* F )

```

```

*27000 FORMAT(
* F / F15.6, 99H = POR = POROSITY OF BOTTOM
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = PPAMIN = MINIMUM PATH PROBABILITY TO BE CONSIDERED
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = PRE = A-PRIORI PROBABILITY OF EVASION
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = PRK = A-PRIORI PROBABILITY OF A KILL
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = QTRAN1 = TRANSDUCER FIGURE OF MERIT ON SEARCHER
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = QTRAN2 = TRANSDUCER FIGURE OF MERIT ON EVADER
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = RGINEV = INITIAL RANGE OF CLOSE
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = RI = INITIAL RANGE BETWEEN SHIPS AT START OF BR
* FANCH
* F / F15.6, 99H = RNGMAX = MAXIMUM CLOSEST APPROACH DISTANCE
* F
* W )

```

```

*28000 FORMAT(
* F / F15.6, 99H = SPDEVA = SPEED OF EVADER
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = SPDSEK = SPEED OF SEARCHER
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = SS = SEA STATE
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = THREVA = DETECTION THRESHOLD FOR THE EVADER
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = THRSEK = DETECTION THRESHOLD FOR THE SEARCHER
* F
* F / F15.6, 99H = WRANGE = WEAPON RANGE
* F
* W )

```

```

* IF( NPRINT .LE. 9 )
* GO TO 340

```

```

* WRITE( 6, POWERS )
* WRITE( 6, FVALUE )
* WRITE( 6, DATAU )
* CALL PDUMP

```

```

* 340 CONTINUE
* NEWLAY = 1

```

```

* GO TO 10

```

```

*****
*
* 1000 FORMAT(
*   F 1H1 )
* 2000 FORMAT(
*   F 58H1LAYER -DEPTH -DELTA-Z -VELOCITY -VO -GO
*   F 59H -G1 -G2 -SLOPE -MIDSPEED )
* 3000 FORMAT(
*   F 6E20.10 )
* 4000 FORMAT(
*   F 52H1RADIANT ANGLE RANGES FOR DIFFERENT BOUNCE MODES /
*   F 24X, 90H DIRECT ONE-SURFACE ONE-BOTTOM SURFACE-BOTTOM
*   F BOTTOM-SURFACE TWO-SURFACE )
* 5000 FORMAT(
*   F 7E17.7 )
* 6000 FORMAT(
*   F //59H N PR-SEARCHER MU-S SIGMA-S DEL-MU DEL-SIGMA
*   F 59H PR-EVADER MU-E SIGMA-E DEL-MU DEL-SIGMA)
* 7000 FORMAT(
*   F 13, 1P5E11.3, 5X, 5E11.3 )
* 8000 FORMAT(
*   F / 58H N SEARCHER-X -Y RANGE EVADER-X -Y
*   F 59H PROBABIL.-KILL -EVADE -PATH )
* 9000 FORMAT(
*   F / 58H N S-PATH -RANGE -DETECTION -TIME -S/N+1
*   F 59H E-PATH -RANGE -DETECTION -TIME -S/N+1)
* 10000 FORMAT(
*   F 51H COLLISION PURSUIT AND NORMAL ESCAPE NOT COMPATIBLE )
* 11000 FORMAT(
*   F 60H COLLISION COURSE PURSUIT WILL NOT WORK WITH SLOWER SEARCHER )
* 12000 FORMAT(
*   F 1H1
*   F / F15.6, 94H = AVERAGE PROBABILITY OF SEARCHER NEUTRALIZING EVA
*   FDER
*   F / F15.6, 94H = AVERAGE PROBABILITY OF EVADER ESCAPING FROM SEAR
*   FCHER
*   F / F15.6, 94H = AVERAGE PROBABILITY OF FIRST DETECTION FOR EVADE
*   FER
*   F / F15.6, 94H = AVERAGE PROBABILITY OF FIRST DETECTION FOR SEARC
*   FHER
*   F )
* 13000 FORMAT(
*   F / F15.6, 94H = AVERAGE RANGE OF FIRST DETECTION FOR EVADER (KYD
*   F)
*   F / F15.6, 94H = AVERAGE RANGE OF FIRST DETECTION FOR SEARCHER (K
*   FYD)
*   F / F15.6, 94H = AVERAGE LENGTH OF TIME DURING WHICH EVADER IS DE
*   FTECTING SEARCHER PER TIME INTERVAL (SEC)
*   F / F15.6, 94H = AVERAGE LENGTH OF TIME DURING WHICH SEARCHER IS
*   FDETECTING EVADER PER TIME INTERVAL (SEC)
*   F / F15.6, 94H = NUMBER OF COMBINATIONS OF INITIAL HEADINGS AND C
*   FLOSEST APPROACH DISTANCES
*   F / F15.6, 94H = SUM OF KILL, EVADE AND RESIDUE PATH PROBABILITIE
*   FS
*   F 1H1 )
*
*****
*
* 1
* 1
* 1
*
*****
*   END
*
*****

```


11

!!!

(ENTRANCE)

I
I

```
*****
*CARCCOS00      FUNCTION  ARCCOS
*CFARCC000      FUNCTION FOR ARC-COSINE
*      FUNCTION  ARCCOS( DUMMY1 )
*
```

```
*****
*
* THIS IS THE ARC COSINE FUNCTION
* THE ANSWER IS IN RADIANS
* THE ANSWER ALWAYS LIES BETWEEN ZERO AND PLUS PI/2
*
*****
```

```
*****
* DUMMY1      = THE ARGUMENT OF THE FUNCTION HOPEFULLY LESS THAN ONE
*
* ARCCOS = ATAN( SQRT( 1.0/DUMMY1/DUMMY1 - 1.0 ) )
*****
```

I
I
I

```
*****
*      RETURN
*****
```

I
I
I

```
*****
*      END
*****
```

(ENTRANCE)

I

I

```
* *****
* CASNXOX00      FUNCTION  ASNXXOX
* C              FOR DETERMINING SIN(X)/X
*              FUNCTION  ASNXXOX( DUMMY1 )
*
* *****
* C
* C              FOR DETERMINING THE VALUE OF SINE( X ) OVER X
* C
* C *****
*
* ASNXXOX = 1.0
* IF( DUMMY1 .EQ. 0.0 )
* RETURN
* ASNXXOX = ( DUMMY1/SIN( DUMMY1 ) )**2
* *****
```

I

I

I

```
* *****
* RETURN
* *****
```

```
* *****
* C
* *****
```

I

I

I

```
* *****
* END
* *****
```



```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                I
                                I
*****
*CBAFFLE00      FUNCTION  BAFFLE
*               INTERPOLATES THE BAFFLE AND RADIATED CURVES
*               FUNCTION  BAFFLE( N, DUMMY1, X1 )
*               COMMON
*               C / SURDUC /
*               C      BLA1 ,
*               C      BLA2 ,
*               C      BLA3 ,
*               C      DTRAD ,
*               C      J ,
*               C      M ,
*               D      BAFFUN(128,2) ,
*               D      DELBAF(128,2),
*               D      FLN1(128) ,
*               D      FLN2(128) ,
*               D      RADSPC(40,50,2) ,
*               C      NT1MEN
*
*               X1 = AMOD( DUMMY1, DTRAD )/DTRAD
*               N = DUMMY1/DTRAD + 1.0
*               ENTRY BAFCON( N, X1 )
*               BAFFLE = BAFFUN(N,M) + X1*DE_BAF(N,M)
*****
                                I
                                I
                                I
*****
*               RETURN
*****

*****
*               ENTRY SPETRM( N, DUMMY1, X1 )
*               X1 = AMOD( DUMMY1, DTRAD )/DTRAD
*               N = DUMMY1/DTRAD + 1.0
*               ENTRY OSPECT( N, X1 )
*               BAFFLE = RADSPC(N,J,M) + X1*( RADSPC(N+1,J,M) - RADSPC(N,J,M) )
*****
                                I
                                I
                                I
*****
*               RETURN
*****

*****
*
*****
                                I
                                I
                                I
                                I
*****
*               END
*****

```

```
(ENTRANCE)
      I
      I
*****
CBEAR    RELATIVE BEARING ANGLES AND RANGE
*****
C
C
C    *   COMPUTING REL. BEARING ANGLES    AND    RANGE
C
*****
SUBROUTINE RELRR
COMMON /LAREL/ RI,RCJ,SS1,SE1,HS1,HE1,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128),PYE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NSI,
2NFI,N,BETAS,BETAf,DELTAS,DELTAf,32,PDS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PPATH(
3128),PEVADE(128),DIFTI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),POS(5
4),PIS(5),PGE(3),POE(3),PIE(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIE,PHIS,A
5LSUBE,ALSURS,STNPSE,STNPEV,MECO,VPCO,BSP,BEP,NR,K,EDEPTH,SDEPTH,RC
6,F0S,FRWS,F1S,PTS(128),FXS(128),PNS(128),FNS(128),F0E,FBSE,F1E,F2E
7,F2S,PTE(128),FXE(128),PNE(128),FNE(128),XE,XS,SUMKIL,SUMEVA,PRE,P
8RK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPIN,NSMAX,N=MAX
PX=PXE(N)-PXS(N)
PY=PYE(N)-PYS(N)
PROD2=PX**2+PY**2
RANGE(N) = SQRT(PROD2)
CRPE = (-VYE(N)*PX-VYE(N)*PY)/(SE1*RANGE(N))
CBPS = (VXS(N)*PX+VYS(N)*PY)/(SS1*RANGE(N))
BSP=ACOS(CRPS)
BEP=ACOS(CRPE)
*****
      I
      I
      I
*****
RETURN
*****
END
```

I
 I
 I
 * RETURN *

* END *

(ENTRANCE)

I
I

```
*****
*CBRID      BEARING RIDER
*
*
*  *BEARING RIDER
*
*
*  SUBROUTINE BRIDER
*  COMMON /LAREL/ RI,RCJ,SS1,SE1,HS1,HE1,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128),P
*  1YE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NS1,*
*  2NEI,N,BETAS,BETAE,DELTAS,DELTAE,92,PDS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PPATH(*
*  3128),PEVADF(128),DIFTI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),POS(5*
*  4),PIS(5),PGE(3),POF(3),PIE(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIE,PHIS,A*
*  5LSUBE,ALSURS,STNPSE,STNPEV,MICO,NPCO,BSP,BEP,NR,K,EDEPTH,SDEPTH,RC*
*  6,FOS,FRWS,FIS,PTS(128),FXS(128),PNS(128),FNS(128),FOE,FBSE,F1E,F2E*
*  7,F2S,PTE(128),FXE(128),PNE(128),FNE(128),XE,XS,SUMKIL,SUMEVA,PRE#P*
*  BRK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPYN,NSMAX,N=MAX
*  VXS(N-1)=SS1*ALPXN
*  VYS(N-1)=SS1*ALPYN
*****
```

I
I
I

```
*****
*      RETURN
*****
```

```
*****
*      END
*****
```


(ENTRANCE)

I

I

*CCOLI COLLISION*****

*C*****

C

*C *COLLISION*

C

*C*****

* SUBROUTINE COLLIS

* COMMON /LAREL/ RI,RCJ,SS1,SE1,HS1,HE1,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128),P

* 1YE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NSI,*

* 2NFI,N,RE TAS,RE TAE,DEL TAS,DEL TAE,B2,PDS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PPATH(*

* 3128),PEVADF(128),DIFTI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),POS(5*

* 4),PIS(5),PGE(3),POE(3),PIE(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIE,PHIS,A*

* 5LSUBE,ALSURS,STNPSE,STNPEV,MECO,NPCO,BSP,BEP,NR,K,EDEPTH,SDEPTH,RC*

* 6,FOS,FRWS,F1S,PTS(128),FXS(128),PNS(128),FNS(128),FOE,FBSE,F1E,F2E*

* 7,F2S,PTE(128),FXE(128),PNE(128),FNE(128),XE,XS,SUMKIL,SUMEVA,PRE,P*

* BRK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPYN,NSMAX,NEMAX*

* NSUB1=N-1*

* AL1= ALPXN*VXF(NSUR1)+ALPYN*VYE(NSUB1)*

* AL=SQRT(AL1**2+SS1**2-SE1**2)-AL1*

* VXS(NSUB1)=VXE(NSUB1)+AL*ALPXN*

* VYS(NSUB1)=VYE(NSUB1)+AL*ALPYN*

I

I

I

* RETURN*

* END*

```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                I
                                I
.....
*CORREC00      SUBROUTINE CORREC
*              COMPUTE NON-FREQUENCY DEPENDENT CORRECTIONS
*
*      SUBROUTINE
*      S      CORREC
*      S      ( DUMMY1, K , M )
*
*.....
*
*      CORRECTION FACTORS FOR RAY TYPES
*
*.....
*
*      COMMON / ANGRAD / ANGR(2)
*      COMMON
*      C / ARRAYC /
*      D      NARRAY(2)
*      C      ARRYH1,
*      C      ARRYH2,
*      C      ARRYW1,
*      C      ARRYW2,
*      C      DELF ,
*      C      FRES1 ,
*      C      FRES2 ,
*      C      QTRAN1,
*      C      QTRAN2,
*      NDUM2
*      COMMON
*      C / BEAMCR /
*      D      BEMCOR(3,8)
*      COMMON
*      C / ARRAYP /
*      D      ANGDOGA(2) ,
*      D      ARRAYD(3,2) ,
*      D      COSPHI(2) ,
*      D      COSRAD(2) ,
*      C      MSHIPS,
*      D      SINPHI(2) ,
*      D      SINRAD(2) ,
*      D      TSAR1 (3) ,
*      D      TSAR2 (3) ,
*      D      TMAIRX(3,3,2) ,
*      D      TVECTR(3,2) ,
*      DDUM8
*
*      DIMENSION
*      D      ANGSIG(3,2) ,
*      D      SAR1 (3) ,
*      D      SAR2 (3) ,
*      D      TARRIV(3,2)
*
*      EQUIVALENCE
*      Q ( TARRIV, TSAR1 ),
*      Q ( ANGSIG, SAR1 ),
*      Q ( ANGSIG(1,2), SAR2 )
*
*      C1 = COS( DUMMY1 )
*      ANGSIG(3,M) = SIN( DUMMY1 )
*.....
                                I
                                I
                                I
.....
*      IF( NARRAY(M) .EQ. 2 ) .....0
*      * GO TO 10
*.....
                                I
                                I
                                I
.....
*      ANGSIG(2,M) = C1*SINRAD(M)
*      ANGSIG(1,M) = C1*COSRAD(M)
*.....
                                I
                                I

```

```

.....
DO 200
I = 1,3
.....
TARRIV(I,M) = 0.0
.....
DO 100
J = 1,3
.....
TARRIV(I,M) = TMRX(I,J,M)*ANGSIG(J,M)
E = TARRIV(I,M)
.....
100 CONTINUE
.....
BEMCOR(I,K) = ARRAYD(I,M)*( TARRIV(I,M) - TVECTR(I,M) )
.....
200 CONTINUE
.....
RETURN
.....
C
.....
I
O(.....)
.....
10 CONTINUE
C2 = ANGDOA(M) - ANGRER(M)
BEMCOR(1,K) = ARRAYD(1,M)*C1*COS( C2 )
BEMCOR(2,K) = ARRAYD(2,M)*C1*SIN( C2 )
BEMCOR(3,K) = ARRAYD(3,M)*ANGSIG(3,M)
.....
RETURN
.....
C
.....
END
.....

```



```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                I
                                I
*DEMUJVA00      SUBROUTINE DEMUVA
*DEMUJV000      SUBROUTINE FOR COMPUTING THE MODIFIED PARAMETERS
SUBROUTINE
S      DEMUVA
S ( NDSTAT, NESTAT )

COMMON
C / SIGNAL /
D      PRYSEV(128)
D      PRYSSE(128)
D      PRNOEV(128)
D      PRNOSE(128)
D      PROEVA(128)
D      PROSER(128)
D      VAREVA(128)
D      VARSER(128)
D      GMUEVA(128)
D      GMUSER(128)
D      DEVAEV(128)
D      DEVAES(128)
D      DEMUEV(128)
D      DEMUSE(128)
C      THREVA,
C      THRSEV,
C      NTIMEN

EQUIVALENCE
Q ( CTWOPI, Z1 )

GMUEVA( ) = MEAN OF SMOOTHED EVADER S/N
GMUSER( ) = MEAN OF SMOOTHED SEARCHER S/N
NDSTAT    = INTEGER VALUE OF THE D-STATE
NESTAT    = INTEGER VALUE OF THE E-STATE
VAREVA( ) = VARIANCE OF SMOOTHED S/N FOR EVADER
VARSER( ) = VARIANCE OF SMOOTHED S/N FOR SEARCHER
PROSER( ) = PROBABILITY OF DETECTION BY THE SEARCHER
PROEVA( ) = PROBABILITY OF DETECTION BY THE EVADER
THRSEV    = DETECTION THRESHOLD FOR THE SEARCHER
THREVA    = DETECTION THRESHOLD FOR THE EVADER
PRNOSE( ) = PROBABILITY THAT DECISION IS NO DETECTION BY SEARCHER
PRNOEV( ) = PROBABILITY THAT DECISION IS NO DETECTION BY EVADER
PRYSSE( ) = PROBABILITY THAT DECISION IS A DETECTION BY SEARCHER
PRYSEV( ) = PROBABILITY THAT DECISION IS A DETECTION BY EVADER
DEMUSE( ) = MODIFIED MEAN OF S/N FOR THE SEARCHER
DEMUEV( ) = MODIFIED MEAN OF S/N FOR THE EVADER
DEVAES( ) = MODIFIED VARIANCE OF S/N FOR THE SEARCHER
DEVAEV( ) = MODIFIED VARIANCE OF S/N FOR THE EVADER

Z1 = 6.2831853
DEMUEV(NTIMEN) = GMUEVA(NTIMEN)
Z3 = ( THREVA - GMUEVA(NTIMEN) ) ** 2 / 2.0 / VAREVA(NTIMEN)

```

```

I
*****
*      IF( Z3 .GT. 88.0 )                      *.....0
*      * GO TO 10                               *      I
*****
I
I
I
I
*****
*      Z4 = PROEVA(NTIMEN)                      *      I
*      Z5 = 0.0                                *      I
*      IF( Z4 .NE. 0.0 ) Z5 = PRYSEV(NESTAT)/Z4 *      I
*      IF( Z4 .NE. 1.0 ) Z5 = Z5 - PRNDEV(NESTAT)/( 1.0 - Z4 ) *      I
*      DEMUEV(NTIMEN)=DEMUEV(NTIMEN)+SQRT(VAREVA(NTIMEN)/Z1)*Z5/EXP(Z3) *      I
*****
I
O(.....0
I
*****
*      10 CONTINUE                             *      I
*      DEMUSE(NTIMEN) = GMUSER(NTIMEN)          *      I
*      Z2 = ( THRSEK - GMUSER(NTIMEV))*2/2.0/VARSEK(NTIMEN) *      I
*****
I
I
I
*****
*      IF( Z2 .GT. 88.0 )                      *.....0
*      * GO TO 20                               *      I
*****
I
I
I
I
*****
*      Z4 = PROSER(NTIMEN)                      *      I
*      Z5 = 0.0                                *      I
*      IF( Z4 .NE. 0.0 ) Z5 = PRYSSE(NDSTAT)/Z4 *      I
*      IF( Z4 .NE. 1.0 ) Z5 = Z5 - PRNDEK(NDSTAT)/( 1.0 - Z4 ) *      I
*      DEMUSE(NTIMEN)=DEMUSE(NTIMEN)+SQRT(VARSEK(NTIMEN)/Z1)*Z5/EXP(Z2) *      I
*****
I
O(.....0
I
*****
*      20 CONTINUE                             *      I
*      DEVAE(NTIMEN) = VARSEK(NTIMEN) + ( THRSEK - DEMUSE(NTIMEN) ) *      I
*      E ( DEMUSE(NTIMEN) - GMUSER(NTIMEV) ) *      I
*      DEVAEV(NTIMEN) = VAREVA(NTIMEN) + ( THREVA - DEMUEV(NTIMEN) ) *      I
*      E ( DEMUEV(NTIMEN) - GMUEVA(NTIMEV) ) *      I
*****
I
I
I
I
*****
*      RETURN                                  *      I
*****

*****
*      *
*****
I
I
I
*****
*      END
*****

```

(ENTRANCE)

I
I

```
*****
*CEXCHNG00      SUBROUTINE  EXCHNG
*CSEXCH000      SUBROUTINE FOR EXCHANGING TWO VALUE
*
*      SUBROUTINE
*      S      EXCHNG
*      S ( FIRST0, SECOND )
*****
```

```
*****
*
*      THIS EXCHANGES THE VALUES OF THE INPUTS
*
*      *****
*****
```

```
*      DUMMY1 = FIRST0
*      FIRST0 = SECOND
*      SECOND = DUMMY1
*****
```

I
I
I

```
*****
*      RETURN
*****
```

I
I
I

```
*****
*      END
*****
```


(ENTRANCE)

I

I

```
*C*FILT PRE-DETECT. FILTER RESPONSE*
*  *
*  * SUB. FOR COMPUTING PRE-DETECT. FILTER RESPONSE*
*  *
*  * SUBROUTINE FILTER (FO,FBW,F,Y)*
*  * Y=1./ (1.+((F-FO)/FBW)**2)*
*  *
```

I

I

I

```
*  * RETURN*
*  *
```

```
*  * END*
*  *
```

```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                I
                                I
*****
*CFVLOC00      FUNCTION  FVELOC
*CFVLOC00      FUNCTION FOR COMPUTING THE VELOCITY AT ANY DEPTH
*      FUNCTION  FVELOC( DELTAD, LAYERN )
*****
*
*      THIS COMPUTES THE VELOCITY (IN K-YD/SEC) AT ANY POINT IN THE LAYER
*
*****
*      COMMON
*      C / LCONST /
*      C          NULAPO,
*      C          DEPROT,
*      D          CONSG0(128)      ,
*      D          CONSG1(128)      ,
*      D          CONSG2(128)      ,
*      D          CONSV0(128)      ,
*      D          DELTAZ(128)      ,
*      D          DEPKYD(128)      ,
*      D          SLOPEJ(128)      ,
*      D          SPDKYD(128)
*****
*      DELTAD      = DEPTH FROM TOP OF LAYER TO POINT OF INTEREST (IN K-YD)
*      LAYERN      = NUMBER OF LAYER IN WHICH VELOCITY IS SOUGHT (DIMENS)
*
*      FVELOC = 1.0/SQRT( CONSV0(LAYERN) + DELTAD*( CONSG0(LAYERN) +
*      E DELTAD*CONSG1(LAYERN) )/( 1.0 + CONSG2(LAYERN)*DELTAD )**2 )
*****
                                I
                                I
                                I
*****
*      RETURN
*****
*****
*
*****
                                I
                                I
                                I
*****
*      END
*****

```

[illegible]

(ENTRANCE)

I

I

```
*****
CINTEG      SIGNAL/NOISE RATIO
*****
*
* INTEGRATION FOR COMPUTING THE SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO
*
*****
* SUBROUTINE PSIGP
* COMMON /LAREL/ RI,RCJ,SS1,SE1,HS1,HE1,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128);P
* 1YE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NS1,
* 2NE1,N,RETAS,RETAE,DELTA,DELTA,32,PDS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PPATH(
* 3128),PEVADE(128),DIFI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),POS(5
* 4),PIS(5),POE(3),POE(3),PIE(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIE,PHIS,A
* 5LSUBE,ALSURS,STNPSE,STNPEV,MECO,VPCO,BSP,BEP,NR,K,EDEPTH,SDEPTH,RC
* 6,FOS,FRWS,FIS,PTS(128),FXS(128),PNS(128),FNS(128),FOE,FBWE,F1E,F2E
* 7,F2S,PTF(128),FXE(128),PNE(128),FNE(128),XE,XS,SUMKIL,SUMEVA,PRE,P
* BRK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPYN,NSMAX,NEMAX
* COMMON /TWOR2/ B2S,B2E
*****
*
* FOS = CENTER FREQ. OF SEARCHER PREDETECT FILTER
* FIS = LOWER LIMIT OF INTEG. FORSEARCHER
* F2S = UPPER LIMIT OF INTEG. FORSEARCHER
* FILEVA = FUNCTION FOR FILTER RESPONSE OF EVADER
* FILSER = FUNCTION FOR FILTER RESPONSE OF SEARCHER
* PTS(K) = SIG. SPECTRUM SEARCHER SEES
* FXS(K) = TABLE ORDERED FROM LOW TO HIGH FREQ.
* PNS(K) = NOISE SPECTRUM SEARCHERSEES
* FNS(K) = TABLE ORDERED FROM LOW TOHIGH FREQ.
* FRWS = BANDWIDTH OF SEARCHER PRE-DETECT. FILTER
* FOE =CENTER FREQ. OF EVADER PRE-DETECT. FILTER
* FBWE =BANDWIDTH OF PREDETECT. FILTER
* F1E =LOWER LIMIT OF INTEG. FOR EVADER
* F2E = LOWER LIMIT OF INTEG. FOR EVADER
* PTE(K) =SIG. SPECTRUM EVADER SEES
* FXE(K)=TABLE ORDERED FROM LOW TO HIGH FREQ.
* PNE(K) =NOISE SPECTRUM EVADER SEES
* FNE(K)= TABLE ORDERED FROM LOW TO HIGH FREQ.
*
*****
* NAMELIST / RATIOS / AINPXS,AINPXE,AINPNS,AINPNE,XS,XE
*
* FILEVA( DUMMY1 ) = 1.0/( 1.0 + ( ( DUMMY1 - FOE )/FBWE )**2 )
* FILSER( DUMMY1 ) = 1.0/( 1.0 + ( ( DUMMY1 - FOS )/FBWS )**2 )
*
* AINPXS=0.
* K=1
* FXAS=F1S
*****
```

I

0(.....0

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

```
*****
* 15 AFXS=FXS(K)
*****
*
* IF (AFXS.GT.F1S) GO TO 10
*****
*
* K=K+1
*****
```

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I

I


```

      0(.....0
      I
*****
* 55 AFNE=FNE(K)
*****
      I
      I
*****
* IF (AFNE.GT.F1E) GO TO 60 .....0
*****
      I
      I
*****
* K=K+1
*****
      I
      I
*****
* GO TO 55 .....A
*****
      0(.....0
      I
*****
* 60 IF (AFNE.GT.F2E) GO TO 65 .....0
*****
      I
      I
*****
* CALL FILTER (F0E,FBWF,AFNE,YNE)
* ARGPNE=(PNE(K)*YNE)**2
* AINPNE=AINPNE+ARGPNE*(AFNE-FVAE)
* FNAE=AFNE
* K=K+1
*****
      I
      I
*****
* GO TO 55 .....0
*****
      0(.....0
      I
*****
* 65 CONTINUE
* XE = 1.0 + AINPXE/SQRT( 0.002*AINPNE*B2E )
*****
      I
      I
      I
*****
* RETURN
*****
*****
* END
*****

```

(ENTRANCE)

I
I

```
*****
* CINV3      INVERSE HEARING RIDER
* SUBROUTINE INVRRI
* COMMON /LAREL/ RI,RCJ,SS1,SE1,HS1,HE1,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128),P
* 1YE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NSI,
* 2NEI,N,BETAS,BETAE,DELTAS,DELTAE,32,POS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PPATH(
* 3128),PEVADE(128),DIFTI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),POS(5
* 4),PIS(5),PGE(3),POE(3),PIE(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIE,PHIS,A
* 5LSUBF,ALSURS,STNPSE,STNPEV,MECO,NPCO,BSP,BFP,NR,K,EDEPTH,SDEPTH,RC
* 6,FOS,FBWS,FIS,PTS(128),FXS(128),PNS(128),FNS(128),FOE,FBSE,F1E,F2E
* 7,F2S,PIE(128),FXE(128),PNE(128),FNE(128),XE,XS,SUMKIL,SUMEVA,PRE,P
* 8RK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPYN,NSMAX,NEMAX
* VXE(N-1)=SF1*ALPXN
* VYE(N-1)=SF1*ALPYN
*****
```

I
I
I

```
*****
* RETURN
*****
```

```
*****
* END
*****
```

```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                1
                                1
*****
*CLAYERS00      SUBROUTINE LAYERS
*CSLAYR000      SUBROUTINE FOR LAYER CONSTANTS
*
* SUBROUTINE
* S      LAYERS
* S      ( MAXLAY )
*
*
*
* THIS COMPUTES THE LAYER CONSTANTS
*
*****
COMMON
C / LCONST /
C      NULAPO,
C      DEPBOT,
D      CONSG0(128)
D      CONSG1(128)
D      CONSG2(128)
D      CONSV0(128)
D      DELTAZ(128)
D      DEPKYD(128)
D      SLOPEJ(128)
D      SPDKYD(128)
*
*****
CONSG0( ) = G0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY LAYERS ROUTINE      (SEC**2/
CONSG1( ) = G1 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY LAYERS ROUTINE      (SEC**2/
CONSG2( ) = G2 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY LAYERS ROUTINE      (K
CONSV0( ) = V0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY LAYERS ROUTINE      ((SEC/K
DELTAZ( ) = DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF LAYER
DEPKYD( ) = DEPTH (IN K-YD) TO TOP OF LAYER FROM OCEAN SURFACE
JUMPIF = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR RECALCULATING A LAYER CONSTANT
MAXLAY = MAXIMUM NUMBER OF LAYERS ALLOWED INCLUDING ADDED POIN
NSTART = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR START OF LOOP
NULAPO = NUMBER OF LAYERS PLUS ONE
NULAY = NUMBER OF LAYERS
RAD =
SPDKYD( ) = SPEED OF SOUND PROPAGATION (IN K-YD/SEC)
SLOPEJ( ) = SLOPE IN LAYER (IN SEC**2/K-YD**3 )
SOR =
XI =
*****

```

```

*****
DO 100
I      I = 1,NULAPO
*****
CONSV0(I) = 1.0/SPDKYD(I)/SPDKYD(I)
CONSG0(I) = 0.0
*****
100 CONTINUE
*****
DEPBOT = DEPKYD(NULAPO)
MAXLAY = MAX0( NULAPO + 10, MAXLAY )
*****
DO 200
I      I = NULAPO,MAXLAY
*****
CONSG0(I) = 0.0
*****
200 CONTINUE
*****

```



```

.....1
* IF ( A2 .EQ. X1 ) .....1.1.1.1.0
* GO TO 60
.....1
.....1
* X1 = A2
.....1
.....1
* IF ( X1 .GT. 0.0 ) .....1A
* GO TO 50
.....1
.....1
0( .....1.1.1.1.0
.....1
* 60 CONTINUE
.....1
.....1
* IF ( NULAPO .GE. MAXLAY ) .....1V
* GO TO 240
.....1
.....1
DELTAZ(J) = DELTAZ(J)/2.0
DELTAZ(I) = DELTAZ(J)
Y1 = ( DEPKYD(I) + DEPKYD(J) )/2.0
U1 = ( CONSV0(I) + CONSV0(J) )/2.0
.....1
0( .....1.1.1.1.1.0
.....1
* 70 CONTINUE
* THIS SECTION ADDS A NEW POINT
* WRITE ( A, 6000 )
* W DEPKYD(J),
* W DEPKYD(I)
* NULAY = NULAPO
* NULAPO = NULAPO + 1
* K = NULAPO - 1
.....1
.....1
DO 300
I L = 1,K
.....1
.....1
J1 = NULAPO - L
J2 = J1 + 1
DEPKYD(J2) = DEPKYD(J1)
CONSV0(J2) = CONSV0(J1)
SPDKYD(J2) = SPDKYD(J1)
.....1
.....1
* 300 CONTINUE
.....1
.....1
DEPKYD(I) = Y1
CONSV0(I) = U1
SPDKYD(I) = 1.0/SQRT( U1 )
.....1
.....1
* IF ( J .EQ. 1 ) .....1.1.1.1.1.0
* GO TO 250
.....1
.....1
SLOPEJ(I) = SLOPEJ(J)
A1 = CONSG0(I)
.....1
.....1

```


TOO MANY EXITS IN GO TO STATEMENT

TOO MANY EXITS IN GO TO STATEMENT

```

01 .....1.1.1.1.1.1.0
.....
* 90 CONTINUE
*   RAD = 71 - CONSGO(J)*CONSGO(I)
.....
|
|
.....
*   IF( RAD .GE. 0.0 )
*     GO TO 40
.....
|
|
.....
*   CALL TRACER( 4 )
*   CALL DUMP
*
.....
|
0( .....1.0
|
.....
* 110 CONTINUE
*   CONSGO(I) = CONSGO(2)
.....
|
|
.....
*   GO TO 30
.....1.0
|
|
.....
*
.....
|
0( .....1.0
|
.....
* 180 CONTINUE
*   RAD = REDUCE( 71, CONSGO(I), CONSGO(J) )
.....
|
0( .....1.0
|
.....
* 190 CONTINUE
*   I1 = I
*   I = J
*   J = I - 1
*   Z1 = SLOPEJ(J)*SLOPEJ(J)
.....
|
0( .....1.0
|
.....
* 120 CONTINUE
*   RAD = 71 - CONSGO(J)*CONSGO(I)
.....
|
|
.....
*   IF( RAD .LT. 0.0 )
*     GO TO 80
.....
|
0( .....0
|
.....
* 130 CONTINUE
.....
|
|
.....
*   IF( CONSGO(I) .NE. 0.0 )
*     GO TO 40
.....1.0
|
|
.....
* 140 CONTINUE
*   WRITE ( 6, 10000 )
*   W DEPKYN(I)
.....
|

```

```

      I
      I
      I
*****
* IF( SLOPEJ(J) .EQ. 0.0 ) .....1.0
*   * GO TO 230
*****
      I
      I
      I
*****
* A2 = SLOPEJ(J)/CONSGO(J)
*****
      I
      I
      I
*****
* IF( A2 .GT. 1.0 ) .....1.0
*   * GO TO 60
*****
      I
      I
      I
*****
* IF( A2 .EQ. 1.0 ) .....1.0
*   * GO TO 260
*****
      I
      I
      I
*****
* A1 = 1.0 - 0.25/( A2 - 0.5 )
*****
      I
      I
      I
*****
* IF( (A1 .LE. 0.0) .OR. (A1 .GE. 1.0) ) .....1.0
*   * GO TO 150
*****
      I
      I
      I
*****
WRITE( 6, 9000 )
* DEPKYD(J),
* DEPKYD(I)
* A1 = CONSV0(I) - CONSV0(J)
* DZNEW = 2.5*A1/CONSGO(J) - 1.5*DELTAZ(J)
* U1 = CONSV0(J) + CONSGO(J)*DZNEW
* Y1 = DEPKYD(J) + DZNEW
* CONSGO(I) = CONSGO(J)
* CONSG1(J) = 0.0
* CONSG2(J) = 0.0
* SLOPEJ(I1) = SLOPEJ(I)
* SLOPEJ(J) = CONSGO(J)
* DELTAZ(I) = DELTAZ(J) - DZNEW
* DELTAZ(J) = DZNEW
* J = I
*****
      I
      I
      I
*****
* GO TO 70 .....1.0
*****
      O(.....1.0
      I
*****
* 250 CONTINUE
* SLOPEJ(I) = ( CONSV0(I1) - CONSV0(I) )/DELTAZ(I)
* I = I1
* I1 = I+1
* CONSGO(I) = 0.0
* DELTAZ(I) = DEPKYD(I1) - DEPKYD(I)
*****
      I
      O(.....1.0
      I
*****
* 150 CONTINUE
* X1 = CONSGO(J)/2.0/SLOPEJ(J)
* CONSG1(J) = ( SLOPEJ(J)*X1-X1 - CONSGO(J) )/DELTAZ(J)
* CONSG2(J) = ( X1 - 1.0 )/DELTAZ(J)
* A2 = CONSGO(J)*CONSG2(J)
* A3 = CONSG1(J) - A2
* A2 = ( A3 - A2 )/CONSG2(J)/( CONSG1(J) + A3 )
*****
      I

```



```

      1
      1
.....
*      GO TO 190
.....

*
.....
      1
      0(.....
      1
.....
* 230 CONTINUE
*   CONSG1(J) = 0.0
*   CONSG2(J) = 0.0
.....
      1
      1
.....
*      GO TO 10
.....

*
.....
      1
      0(.....
      1
.....
* 260 CONTINUE
*   I1 = I - NULAP0 + MAXLAY - 11
*   NULAP0 = MAXLAY
*   WRITE ( 6, 7000 )
*   W I1
.....
      1
      0(.....
      1
.....
* 240 CONTINUE
*   WRITE ( 6, 8000 )
*   W DEPBOT
.....
      1
      1
      1
      1
.....
*      RETURN
.....

*
* 6000 FORMAT(
*   F/46H A NEW POINT IS BEING ADDED BETWEEN THE DEPTHS 2E15.6)
* 7000 FORMAT(
*   F 22H NEW POINT NEEDED AT   I4 )
* 8000 FORMAT(
*   F/46H THE CONSTANT MAXIMUM OCEAN DEPTH IS AT (K-YD)  E15.6)
* 9000 FORMAT(
*   F/46H AN INFLECTION POINT WAS FOUND BETWEEN POINTS  2E15.6)
*10000 FORMAT(
*   F/46H A MAXIMUM OR MINIMUM POINT IS LOCATED AT      E15.6)
*
*
      1
      1
.....
*      END
.....

```

(ENTRANCE)

I

.....
*LENGTH00 SUBROUTINE LENGTH
*C FOR COMPUTING PATHLENGTHS, TIME AND DERIVATIVES

.....
SUBROUTINE
S LENGTH
S (N, M, DUMMY1, DUMMY2)
.....

.....
COMMON
C / CONSTN /
C DEPSER,
C NCONSK,
C SPATSE,
C DEPEVA,
C NCONSL,
C SPATEV

.....
COMMON
C / LCONST /
C NULAPO,
C DEPROT,
C CONSG0(128) ,
C CONSG1(128) ,
C CONSG2(128) ,
C CONSV0(128) ,
C DELTAZ(128) ,
C DEPKY0(128) ,
C SLOPEJ(128) ,
C SPDKY0(128)

.....
COMMON
C / PTHLNG /
C A1 ,
C B1 ,
C CDSORD,
C C1 ,
C D1 ,
C DXDC ,
C DZ1 ,
C DZM ,
C K ,
C PL ,
C SM ,
C H ,
C X ,
C Y1 ,
C Y2 ,
C TIMCON

.....
COMMON
C / RANGES /
C NUMANG,
C ANGMAX,
C DELANG,
C DELRAD,
C ANGINI(200)
C RNGMOD(6,200)

.....
COMMON
C / RAYPAR /
C RANGEH,
C BOTLOS(6) ,
C DRDXDC(6) ,
C PATHLN(6) ,
C RANGE(6) ,
C SPT(6) ,
C SPT(6) ,
C TIR(6) ,
C TTR (6)

.....
COMMON
C / RAYTRA /
C NCONCI,
C INITLK,
C Z1 ,
C Z2 ,
C SPVRSQ,
C ANGSTR,
C ANGARR,
C ANGRM,
C ANGSUR,
C SPDVER,
C RANGET


```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                1
                                1
*****
* MORPNT00      FUNCTION MORPNT
* CFMORP000     FUNCTION FOR POINT IN INCREASING TABLE
*               FUNCTION MORPNT( DUMMY1, TABLES, NUMBER )
*
*
*   *****
*   *
*   * FINDS THE PLACE IN AN INCREASING TABLE THAT BRACKETS THE DUMMY VAL
*   * IF DUMMY VALUE IS NOT WITHIN TABLE RANGE THEN
*   * MORPNT = 0 IMPLIES DUMMY IS LESS THAN FIRST VALUE IN TABLE
*   * MORPNT .GT. NUMBER IMPLIES THAT DUMMY IS GREATER THAN MAXIMUM TAB
*   * THE ANSWER IS THE FIRST VALUE GREATER THAN DUMMY
*   *
*   *****
*
*   DIMENSION
*   *          TABLES(NUMBER)
*
*   DUMMY1    = VALUE TO BE BRACKETTED
*   NUMBER    = NUMBER OF VALUES IN THE TABLE
*   TABLES( ) = ARRAY OF VALUES TO BE SEARCHED
*
*   MORPNT = 0
*   IF( DUMMY1 .LT. TABLES(1) )
*   * RETURN
*
*****
                                1
                                1
*****
*   DO 100
*   *          I = 2,NUMBER
*****
                                1
                                1
*****
*   IF( DUMMY1 .GE. TABLES(I) )
*   * GO TO 100
*****
                                1
                                1
*****
*   MORPNT = I
*****
                                1
                                1
*****
*   RETURN
*****
                                1
                                1
*****
                                0
*****
*   100 CONTINUE
*****
                                1
                                1
*****
*   MORPNT = NUMBER + 1
*****
                                1
                                1
*****
*   RETURN
*****
*****
*
*
*   END
*****

```

```

      (ENTRANCE)
      I
      I
*****
*CHSTRAY00  SUBROUTINE MSTRAY
*CHSTRAY00  MASTER RAY-TRACING PROGRAM
*CHSTRAY00  SUBROUTINE FOR SETTING UP RANGE TABLE FOR RAYS
      SUBROUTINE
      S      MSTRAY
*****
      THIS IS MASTER RAY TRACING PROGRAM
*****
      COMMON
      C / CONSTN /
      C      DEPSER,
      C      NCONSK,
      C      SPATSK,
      C      DEPEVA,
      C      NCONSL,
      C      SPATEV
      COMMON
      C / LCONST /
      C      NULAPO,
      C      DEPROT,
      C      CONSG0(128) ,
      C      CONSG1(128) ,
      C      CONSG2(128) ,
      C      CONSV0(128) ,
      C      DELTAZ(128) ,
      C      DEPKYD(128) ,
      C      SLOPEJ(128) ,
      C      SPDKYD(128)
      COMMON
      C / RANGES /
      C      NUANMO,
      C      ANGMAX,
      C      DELANG,
      C      DELRAD,
      C      ANGIN(200)
      C      RNGMOD(6,200)
      COMMON
      C / RAYTRA /
      C      NCONCJ,
      C      INITLK,
      C      Z1 ,
      C      Z2 ,
      C      SPVRSJ,
      C      ANGSTR,
      C      ANGARN,
      C      ANGRTH,
      C      ANGSUR,
      C      SPDVER,
      C      RANGET
*****
      ANGARR = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) AT ARRIVAL POINT (Z2)
      ANGBTH = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF BOTTOM BOUNCE OF RAY
      ANGMAX = MAXIMUM ANGLE BEING CONSIDERED FOR RAYS
      ANGSTR = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF START OF RAY (Z1)
      ANGSUR = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF SURFACE BOUNCE OF RAY
      CONSG0( ) = G0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT.
      CONSG1( ) = G1 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT.
      CONSG2( ) = G2 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT.
      CONSV0( ) = V0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT.
      DELSER = DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF SEARCHER IN ITS LAYER
      DEPKYD( ) = DEPTH (IN K-YD) TO TOP OF LAYER FROM OCEAN SURFACE
      DGPRRD = DEGREES PER RADIAN (DEGREES
      DZVX =
      INITLK = INITIAL VALUE OF K I.E. THE INITIAL STARTING LAYER
      NCONSK = LAYER NUMBER OF LAYER IN WHICH SEARCHER IS FOUND
      NCONSL = LAYER NUMBER OF LAYER IN WHICH ELASDER IS FOUND
      NUANMO = NUMBER OF ANGLES FOR RAYS MINUS ONE (DIMENS
      NUMANG = NUMBER OF DIFFERENT ANGLES BEING CONSIDERED FOR RAYS
      NULAPO = NUMBER OF LAYERS PLUS ONE
      NVTXLD = LAYER NUMBER BELOW LOWER VERTEX LAYER (DIMENS
      NVTXUP = LAYER NUMBER IN WHICH RAY VERTEXES (DIMENS
      R = SUMMATION OF THE DIFFERENT LAYER RANGES
      RANGET = SUMMATION OF THE DIFFERENT LAYER RANGES
      RNGMOD( , ) = RANGE (IN K-YD) FOR THE DIFFERENT MODES OF PROPAGATIO
      FIRST SUBSCRIPT IS MODE TYPE
      SECOND SUBSCRIPT IS RELATED TO DEPARTURE ANGLE
      SPDKYD( ) = SPEED OF SOUND PROPAGATION (IN K-YD/SEC)
      SPLASE = PROPAGATION VELOCITY (IN K-YD/SEC) IN LAYER FOR SEARC
      T1 = STARTING ANGLE (IN DEGREES) OF RAY FROM SEARCHER
      ZVLO = DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF VERTEXING POINT
      ZVUP = DEPTH OF UPPER VERTEX POINT FOR RAY
*****
      DGPRRD = 57.2957795
      Z2 = DEPEVA
      T1 = ANGMAX/DGPRRD + DELRAD
      NUMANG = 2.0*ANGMAX/DELANG + 1.0
*****
      I
      I

```



```

      I
      .....
      * 00 200
      * I J = 1, NUMANG
      .....
      .....
      * 00 100
      * I I = 1.6
      .....
      .....
      * RNMGMOD(I,J) = 0.0
      .....
      .....
      * 100 CONTINUE
      .....
      .....
      * Z1 = DEPSER
      * T1 = T1 - DELRAD
      * ANGIN(T(J)) = T1
      * ANGST = T1
      * SPDVER = SPATSF/COS( ANGSIN )
      * I = NCONSK
      .....
      .....
      * 10 CONTINUE
      .....
      .....
      * IF( SPDVER .LE. SPDKYD(I) )
      *   GO TO 20
      .....
      .....
      * I = I - 1
      .....
      .....
      * IF( I .NE. 0 )
      *   GO TO 10
      .....
      .....
      * 20 CONTINUE
      * NVTXUP = I
      * I = NCONSK + 1
      .....
      .....
      * 30 CONTINUE
      .....
      .....
      * IF( SPDVER .LE. SPDKYD(I) )
      *   GO TO 40
      .....
      .....
      * I = I + 1
      .....
      .....
      * IF( I .LE. NULAPO )
      *   GO TO 30
      .....
      .....

```

68

```

.....
* 90 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
* IF( NVTXLO .NE. 0 )
*   GO TO 200
.....

```

```

.....
*   Z1 = Z2
*   INITLK = NCONSL
*   CALL
*   S      RATRAC
*   RNGMOD(3,J) = RANGFT + RNGMOD(1,J)
.....

```

```

.....
* IF( NVTXUP .NE. 0 )
*   GO TO 200
.....

```

```

.....
*   ANGSTR = -ANGSTR
*   CALL
*   S      RATRAC
*   RNGMOD(5,J) = RANGFT + RNGMOD(3,J)
.....

```

```

.....
*   GO TO 200
.....

```

```

.....
* C
.....

```

```

.....
* 110 CONTINUE
*   ZVUP = Z1
*   ZVLO = Z1
.....

```

```

.....
*   GO TO 200
.....

```

```

.....
* C
.....

```

```

.....
* 120 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*   GO TO 200
.....

```

```

.....
* C
.....

```

```

.....
* 130 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
* IF( Z2 .GE. Z1 )
*   GO TO 150
.....

```


(ENTRANCE)

```

*****
CMJEVAR00      SUBROUTINE MUEVAR
CMJEVA000      SUBROUTINE FOR COMPUTING MU- AND VARIANCE FOR SHIPS
*
*  SUBROUTINE
*  S          MUEVAR
*
*  *****
*  *****
*
*  COMMON
*  C / CALPHA /
*  C          ALPHAF,
*  C          ALPHAS,
*  C          FALPHE,
*  C          FALPHS,
*  C          ONMIAE,
*  C          ONMIAS,
*  C          STNPEV,
*  C          STNPSE,
*  C          TWOALE,
*  C          TWOALS,
*  C          NTIMEM
*
*  COMMON
*  C / SIGNAL /
*  D          PRYSEV(128)
*  D          PRYSSE(128)
*  D          PRNOEV(128)
*  D          PRNOSE(128)
*  D          PROEVA(128)
*  D          PROSER(128)
*  D          VAREVA(128)
*  D          VARSER(128)
*  D          GMUEVA(128)
*  D          GMUSER(128)
*  D          DEVAEV(128)
*  D          DEVASE(128)
*  D          DEMUEV(128)
*  D          DEMUSE(128)
*  C          THREVA,
*  C          THRSEV,
*  C          NTIMEN
*
*  DEMUEV( ) = MODIFIED MEAN OF S/N FOR THE EVADER
*  DEMUSE( ) = MODIFIED MEAN OF S/N FOR THE SEARCHER
*  DEVAEV( ) = MODIFIED VARIANCE OF S/N FOR THE SEARCHER
*  DEVASE( ) = MODIFIED VARIANCE OF S/N FOR THE SEARCHER
*  FALPHE    = FRACTION (ONMIAE**2/(1-ONMIAE**2)) (DIMENS
*  FALPHS    = FRACTION (ONMIAS**2/(1-ONMIAS**2)) (DIMENS
*  GMUEVA( ) = MEAN OF SMOOTHED EVADER S/N
*  GMUSER( ) = MEAN OF SMOOTHED SEARCHER S/N
*  NTIMEM    = NTIMEN MINUS ONE (DIMENS
*  OMASQE    = ONE MINUS ALPHA-E SQUARED (DIMENS
*  OMASQS    = ONE MINUS ALPHA-S SQUARED (DIMENS
*  ONMIAE    = ONE MINUS ALPHAE (DIMENS
*  ONMIAS    = ONE MINUS ALPHAS (DIMENS
*  STNPSE    = SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO PLUS ONE FOR THE SEARCHER
*  STNPEV    = SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO PLUS ONE FOR THE EVADER
*  TWOALE    = TWO TIMES ALPHAE (DIMENS
*  TWOALS    = TWO TIMES ALPHAS (DIMENS
*  VAREVA( ) = VARIANCE OF SMOOTHED S/N FOR EVADER
*  VARSER( ) = VARIANCE OF SMOOTHED S/N FOR SEARCHER
*****

```


11

III


```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                I
                                I
*****
PROB3      PROBABILITY DEP. ON STATE
*****
      *GENERATION OF PROR DEPENDING ON SHIP STATE
*****
      SUBROUTINE PROHL
      COMMON /LAHEL/ RI,RCJ,SS1,SE1,HS1,HE1,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128),P
1YE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NSJ,
2VEI,N,RETAS,RETA,DELTA,DELTA,32,PDS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PPATH(
3128),PEVADE(128),DIFTI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),POS(5
4),PIS(5),PGE(3),POF(3),PIF(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIE,PHIS,A
5LSUBE,ALSURS,STNPSF,SINPEV,M=CO,NPCD,BSP,BEP,NR,K,EDEPTH,SDEPTH,RC
6,FOS,FRWS,FIS,PTS(128),FXS(128),PNS(128),FNS(128),FOE,FBSE,FIE,F2E
7,F2S,PTE(128),FXE(128),PNE(128),FNE(128),XE,XS,SUMKIL,SUMEVA,PRE,P
8RK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPYN,NSMAX,N=MAX
      COMMON
      C / STATIC /
      C      NDSTAT,
      C      NESTAT,
      C      PEDET(128)
      C      PERANG,
      C      PPATH,
      C      PRANGE(128)
      C      PRANGS(128)
      C      PRPTEV(128)
      C      PRPTSE(128)
      C      PSDET(128)
      C      PSRANG,
      C      SMPEDI,
      C      SMPSDT,
      C      SMTONE,
      C      SMTONS,
      C      TCONEN(128)
      C      TCONSN(128)
      CDUMMYB
      REAL MULT2
      I=STATD
      J=STATE
      PES1=1.-PE(J)
      PGMULT=PGS(I)*PGE(J)
      DIV=1.-PDS(I)*PKDS(I)*PE(J)
      MULT2=1.-PNS(I)*PKDS(I)
      PKILL(N)=(PGMULT*PDS(I)*PKDS(I)*PES1)/DIV
      PEVADE(N)=(PGMULT*PE(J)*MULT2)/DIV
      PPATH(N)=(PGMULT*MULT2*PES1)/DIV
      NDSTAT = STATD
      NESTAT = STATE
      FACTOR = PGS(NDSTAT)*PGE(NESTAT)
      PEDET(N) = FACTOR*PDE(NESTAT)
      PRANGE(N) = FACTOR*RANGE(N)*PDE(NESTAT)
      PRANGS(N) = FACTOR*RANGE(N)*PDS(NDSTAT)
      PRNTEV = 1.0 - PDE(NESTAT)
      PRPTEV(N) = FACTOR*PRNTEV
      PRPTSE = 1.0 - PDS(NDSTAT)
      PRPTSE(N) = FACTOR*PRPTSE
      PSDET(N) = FACTOR*PDS(NDSTAT)
      TCONEN(N) = PEDET(N)*DIFTI
      TCONSN(N) = PSDET(N)*DIFTI
      I
      I
      I
      RETURN
      I
      I
      I
      END

```

77

```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                I
                                I
*****
*CPRODET00      SUBROUTINE PRODET
*CPRODE000      SUBROUTINE FOR COMPUTING THE DETECTION PROBABILITIES
*
*      SUBROUTINE
*      S      PRODET
*
*****
*
*
*****
*
*      COMMON
*      C / SIGNAL /
*      D      PRYSEV(128)
*      D      PRYSSE(128)
*      D      PRNOEV(128)
*      D      PRNOSE(128)
*      D      PROEVA(128)
*      D      PROSER(128)
*      D      VAREVA(128)
*      D      VARSER(128)
*      D      GMUEVA(128)
*      D      GMUSER(128)
*      D      DEVAEV(128)
*      D      DEVASE(128)
*      D      DEMUEV(128)
*      D      DEMUSE(128)
*      C      THREVA,
*      C      THRSEV,
*      C      NTIMEN
*
*****
*      GMUEVA( ) = MEAN OF SMOOTHED EVADER S/N
*      GMUSER( ) = MEAN OF SMOOTHED SEARCHER S/N
*      VAREVA( ) = VARIANCE OF SMOOTHED S/N FOR EVADER
*      VARSER( ) = VARIANCE OF SMOOTHED S/N FOR SEARCHER
*      PROSER( ) = PROBABILITY OF DETECTION BY THE SEARCHER
*      PROEVA( ) = PROBABILITY OF DETECTION BY THE EVADER
*
*      PROSER(NTIMEN) =
*      E PAPERF( ( GMUSER(NTIMEN) - THRSEV )/SQRT( VARSER(NTIMEN) ) )
*      PROEVA(NTIMEN) =
*      E PAPERF( ( GMUEVA(NTIMEN) - THREVA )/SQRT( VAREVA(NTIMEN) ) )
*****
*
*
*****
*
*      RETURN
*
*****
*
*
*****
*
*
*****
*
*      END
*
*****

```



```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                I
                                I
.....
CRATRAC00      SUBROUTINE RATHAC
CSRATR000      SUBROUTINE FOR RAY-TRACING
SUBROUTINE
S              RATRAC
.....
*
* THIS IS THE RAY-TRACING PROGRAM
* ASSUMING THE RAY DOES NOT VERTEX IN THIS DEPTH RANGE
*
.....
COMMON
C / RAYTRA /
C              NCONCI,
C              INITLK,
C              ZSTART,
C              Z2,
C              SPVRSQ,
C              ANGSTR,
C              ANGARR,
C              ANGBTH,
C              ANGSUR,
C              SPDVER,
C              RANGE1
COMMON
C / LCONST /
C              NULAPO,
C              DEPROT,
C              CONSG0(120),
C              CONSG1(120),
C              CONSG2(120),
C              CONSV0(120),
C              DELTAZ(120),
C              DEPKYD(120),
C              SLOPEJ(120),
C              SPDKYD(120)
COMMON
C / PTHLNG /
C              A1,
C              BI,
C              CDSQRD,
C              CI,
C              DI,
C              DXDC,
C              DZ1,
C              DZM,
C              K,
C              PL,
C              SM,
C              V,
C              X,
C              Y1,
C              Y2,
C              TIMCON
.....
A1              = DEPTH FROM END OF RAY PORTION TO TOP OF LAYER
                ALWAYS POSITIVE OR ZERO
ANGARR          = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) AT ARRIVAL POINT (Z2)
ANGBTH          = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF BOTTOM BOUNCE OF RAY
ANGSTR          = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF START OF RAY (Z1)
ANGSUR          = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF SURFACE BOUNCE OF RAY
AR ( )          = ARRIVAL ANGLE (IN RADIANS)
BB ( )          = BOTTOM BOUNCE ANGLE (IN RADIANS)
CONSG0 ( )      = G0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT.
CONSG1 ( )      = G1 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT.
CONSG2 ( )      = G2 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT.
CONSV0 ( )      = V0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT.
CV              = SEE -SPDVER-
DEPKYD ( )      = DEPTH (IN K-YD) TO TOP OF LAYER FROM OCEAN SURFACE
DZ1             = DEPTH FROM START OF RAY PORTION TO TOP OF LAYER
                ALWAYS POSITIVE OR ZERO
INITLK          = INITIAL VALUE OF K I.E. THE INITIAL STARTING LAYER
J              = CONTROL SUBSCRIPT
NCONCI          = CONTROL PARAMETER FOR DIFFERENT SUBPROGRAMS TO BE CAL.
NULAPO          = NUMBER OF LAYERS PLUS ONE
RANGE1 ( )      = SUMMATION OF THE TOTAL RANGE THROUGH THE DIFFERENT LA.
SF ( )          = SURFACE ARRIVAL ANGLE (IN RADIANS)
SPDKYD ( )      = SPEED OF SOUND PROPAGATION (IN K-YD/SEC)
SPDVER          = VERTEX VELOCITY I.E. SPEED AT VERTEX
T ( )          = ANGLE (IN RADIANS)
Z1             = DEPTH OF START POINT OF RAY PORTION
Z2             = DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF ENDING DEPTH
Z8             = DEPTH OF END POINT OF RAY PORTION
ZSTART          = STARTING DEPTH (IN K-YD) OF RAY
.....
ATHIRD = 1.0/3.0
Z1 = ZSTART
T1 = ANGSTR
K = INITLK
RANGE1 = 0.0
L = MORPNT( Z2, DEPKYD, NULAPO ) - 1
IF ( (Z1 .EQ. DEPKYD(K)) .AND. (T1 .LT. 0.0) ) K = K - 1
CV = SPDVER
SPVRSQ = 1.0/SPDVER/SPDVER
.....

```

```

0(.....0
|
|
* 10 CONTINUE
* IF( K .GT. NUNAPD) .OR. (K .LE. 0 )CALL DUMP
* DZ1 = Z1 - DEPKYD(K)
* ZR = DEPKYD(K+1)
|
|
|
|
|
IF( T1 .EQ. 0.0 ) .....0
* GO TO A0
|
|
|
|
|
IF( K .EQ. L ) .....0
* GO TO IAD
|
|
|
|
|
IF( T1 .GT. 0.0 ) .....
* GO TO 30
|
|
|
|
0(.....0
|
|
* 20 CONTINUE
* ZR = DEPKYD(K)
|
|
|
|
0(.....
|
|
* 30 CONTINUE
* DUMMY1 = ZR - 71
|
|
|
|
|
IF( T1 .EQ. 0.0 ) .....0
* GO TO 370
|
|
|
|
|
A1 = CONSGO(K) - SPVRSQ
A6 = A1*CONSG2(K)
B1 = A6 + CONSGO(K)/2.0
C1 = A6*CONSG2(K) + CONSG1(K)
A1 = ZR - DEPKYD(K)
DZM = 0.5*( DZ1 + A1 )
Y1 = A1 + 2.0*R1*DZ1 + C1*DZ1*DZ1
|
|
|
|
|
IF( Y1 .GE. 0.0 ) .....0
* GO TO 280
|
|
|
|
|
Y1 = 0.0
CALL TRACER( 1 )
|
|
|
|
0(.....0
|
|
* 280 CONTINUE
* Y1 = SQRT( Y1 )
* Y2 = A1 + 2.0*R1*A1 + C1*A1*A1
|
|
|
|

```

```

.....I
* IF( Y2 ,GE. 0.0 ) .....0
* GO TO 290
.....I
.....I
* Y2 = 0.0
* CALL TRACER( 2 )
.....I
.....I
* 290 CONTINUE
* Y2 = SORT( Y2 )
* D1 = DUMMY1/( Y1 + Y2 )
* A7 = D1*D1
* CDSORD = C1*A7
.....I
.....I
* IF( ABS( CDSORD ) ,GE. 0.5 ) .....0
* GO TO 170
.....I
.....I
* SM = ATHIRD
* POWRCD = SM
.....I
.....I
* DO 200
* I = 2,50
.....I
.....I
* A5 = 2*I - 1
* POWRCD = POWRCD+CDSORD*A5/( A5 + 2.0 )
* SM = POWRCD + SM
.....I
.....I
* IF( ABS( POWRCD ) ,LT. 1.0E-4 ) .....0
* GO TO 40
.....I
.....I
* 200 CONTINUE
.....I
.....I
* 40 CONTINUE
* SM = SM*A7
.....I
.....I
* 50 CONTINUE
* X = D1/SPDVER*( 2.0 + CONSG2(K)*( DZ1 + A1 ) +
* E ( CONSG1(K)*2.0 - CONSG0(K)*CONSG2(K) )*SM )
* RANGET = ABS( X ) + RANGET
* IF( NCONCI ,NE. 1 ) CALL
* S RAYPTH
* 60 CONTINUE
.....I
.....I
* IF( Z0 ,EQ. Z2 ) .....1.0
* GO TO 230
.....I

```



```

.....1.....
*      GO TO 120
.....
.....
*C
.....
.....0(.....1.....)
.....1.....
* 160 CONTINUE
.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
*      IF( RANGET ,GT. 0.0 ) .....1.....A
*      * GO TO 120
.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
*      IF( T1 ,LE. 0.0 ) .....1.....0
*      * GO TO 190
.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
*      IF( Z2 ,GT. Z1 ) .....1.....1.0
*      * GO TO 120
.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
*      GO TO 30
.....1.....A
.....
.....
.....
*C
.....
.....0(.....1.....)
.....1.....
* 170 CONTINUE
*      A2 = SQRT( ABS( C1 ) )
*      A3 = A2*D1
.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
*      IF( C1 ,LE. 0.0 ) .....1.....0
*      * GO TO 190
.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
*      W = ALOG( ABS( ( 1.0 + A3 )/( 1.0 - A3 ) ) )
.....
.....0(.....1.....)
.....1.....
* 180 CONTINUE
*      SM = ( W/A2=0.5/D1 - 1.0 )/C1
*      V = W/A2
.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
.....1.....
*      GO TO 50
.....1.....
.....
.....
*C
.....
.....0(.....1.....)

```



```

      I
      .....
      * 190 CONTINUE
      *   H = 2.0*ATAN( A3 )
      .....
      I
      I
      I
      I
      .....
      *   GO TO 180
      .....
      .....
      *C
      .....
      I
      O(.....)0
      I
      .....
      * 230 CONTINUE
      *   ANGARR = SIGN( ACOS( FVELOC( A1, K )/SPDVER ), DUMMY1 )
      .....
      I
      I
      I
      .....
      *   RETURN
      .....
      .....
      *C
      .....
      I
      O(.....)0
      I
      .....
      * 240 CONTINUE
      .....
      I
      I
      .....
      *   IF( K.NE. 1 )
      *     GO TO 70
      .....
      I
      I
      .....
      *   ANGSR = ARS( ACOS( SPDY(1)/SPDVER ) )
      *   TI = ANGSR
      .....
      I
      I
      I
      .....
      *   GO TO 10
      .....
      .....
      *C
      .....
      I
      O(.....)0
      I
      .....
      * 370 CONTINUE
      *   TI = 1.0
      .....
      I
      I
      .....
      *   IF( DUMMY1 )
      *     GO TO 70, 380
      .....
      I
      I

```

```

      1
*****
* 180 CONTINUE
*   TI = - 1.0
*****
      |
      |
*****
*   GO TO 10
*****
      |
      |
*****
*
*****
*
*****
*   END
*****

```

(ENTRANCE)

I
I

```
.....
SUBROUTINE RAYCTL
SUBROUTINE FOR SETTING UP PROPER RAY TABLES
.....
SUBROUTINE
S RAYCTL
.....
THIS SETS UP THE REQUIRED RAY TRACE TABLES PLUS CONVERGENT ZONE VA
.....
COMMON
C / CONSTN /
C DEPSER,
C NCONSK,
C SPATSE,
C DEPEVA,
C NCONSL,
C SPATEV
COMMON
C / LCONST /
C NULAPO,
C DEPROT,
C CONSG0(128)
C CONSG1(128)
C CONSG2(128)
C CONSV0(128)
C DELTAZ(128)
C DEPKYD(128)
C SLOPEJ(128)
C SPDKYD(128)
COMMON
C / RAYTRA /
C NCONCI,
C INITLK,
C Z1
C Z2
C SPVRSQ,
C ANGSTR,
C ANGARR,
C ANGBTH,
C ANGSUR,
C SPDVER,
C RANGET
COMMON
C / RCONST /
C ACZ
C AMLSRD,
C BCZ
C HCI
C HZSD
C NCONSD,
C RCZ1
C RCZ2
C SDCON,
C TCZAV1,
C TCZAV2,
C ZW
NDUM6
COMMON
C / SURFAC /
C A6
C CONST2,
C CONST4,
C CZANGL,
C CZANDL,
C CZRANG,
C G1SD
C G2SD
C NCZRAS,
C NZONE
C RSD
C RSD1
C SCSD
C SORTZL,
C SS
C ZL
CDUMMYZ
AMLSRD = CONSTANT REQUIRED FOR AMOS CALCULATIONS
ANGARR = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF ARRIVAL AT Z2
ANGBTH = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF BOTTOM BOUNCE OF RAY
ANGSTR = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF START OF RAY (Z1)
ANGSUR = ANGLE (IN RADIANS) OF SURFACE BOUNCE OF RAY
CONSG0( ) = G0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT
CONSG1( ) = G1 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT
CONSG2( ) = G2 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT
CONSV0( ) = V0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT
COSZ18 = COSINE OF STARTING ANGLE OF RAY (DIMENS
CUB
CUBCAL
CZANEO = SMALLER CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLE (IN RADIANS) FOR EVADER
CZANET = LARGER CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLE (IN RADIANS) FOR EVADER
CZANSO = SMALLER CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLE (IN RADIANS) FOR SEARCH
CZANST = LARGER CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLE (IN RADIANS) FOR SEARCH
DEPKYD( ) = DEPTH (IN K-YD) TO TOP OF LAYER FROM OCEAN SURFACE
OPTOZ1 = DEPTH (IN K-YD) FROM TOP OF LAYER TO Z1
DZVX = DEPTH BELOW LAYER (IN K-YD) OF POINT OF VERTEX
```



```

.....1
* DO 100
* I = 2, NUMLAY
.....
* IF ( (CONSGO(1) .EQ. 0.0) .AND. (CONSV0(1) .LT. CONSV0(1)) )
*   GO TO 20
.....
* 100 CONTINUE
.....
* RCZ2 = 0.0
* CZANSO = 100.0
* CZANST = 100.0
* CZANEO = 100.0
* CZANET = 100.0
* I = NULAPO
.....
* 0(.....0
*
* 20 CONTINUE
* LAYERM = 1
* ZL = DPKYD(1)
* A1 = SORTFT( DHPSE )
* A2 = SORTFT( DHPSE )
* A3 = SORTFT( ZL )
* SDCON = SDCON/A3
* A4 = A1/A3
* A5 = A2/A3
* WZSD = 0.4*( 10.0*ABS( A4 - A5 ) + 10.0*A4 + 10.0*A5 )
.....
* IF ( I .EQ. NULAPO )
*   GO TO 150
.....
* VCONSD = 5
.....
* IF ( Z1R .GF. ZL )
*   GO TO 30
.....
* SPDVER = SPDYD(1)
* CZANSO = ARCCOS( SPATZ1/SPDVER )
* ANGSTR = CZANSO
* Z1 = Z1B
* INITLK = LAYERS
* Z2 = ZL
* CALL
* S RATRAC
* RCZ1 = RANGET
.....
* 0(.....0
*
* 30 CONTINUE
* SPDVER = SPATZ1/COS( ANGSTR )
.....
* DO 300
* J = 1, NULAPO
.....
* IF ( SPDVER .LT. SPDYD(J) )
*   GO TO 40
.....

```

```

.....
* 300 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
* GO TO 90
.....

```

```

* C
.....

```

```

.....
40 CONTINUE
*   LAYERL = J - 1
*   CALL
*   S      VERTEX
*   S ( LAYERL, 1.0/SPDVER/SPDVER, ZVLO, Z1 - DEPKYD(LAYERL), -1 )
*   Z2 = ZVLO
*   ANGSTR = 0.005
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF ( NCONSD .EQ. 0 )
*   * GO TO 120
.....

```

```

.....
*   Z1 = ZL
*   INITLK = LAYERM
*   CALL
*   S      RATRAC
*   RCZ1 = RANGET + RCZ1
*   ANGSTR = 0.0
*   Z1 = ZVLO
*   INITLK = LAYERL
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF ( Z2R .GF. ZL )
*   * GO TO 50
.....

```

```

.....
*   RCZ1 = RANGET + RCZ1
*   ANGSTR = -0.005
*   Z1 = ZL
*   INITLK = LAYERM
.....

```

```

.....
50 CONTINUE
*   Z2 = Z2B
*   CALL
*   S      RATRAC
*   RCZ1 = RANGET + RCZ1
*   CZANED = ARS( ANGARR )
60 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

* C
* C DO SEARCH TO FIND MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RANGES
* C
*   NCZRAS = 100
*   CZANGL = ( CZANST - CZANSO )/FLOAT( NCZRAS )
*   CZANGL = CZANSO
* C
*   NCZRAS = NCZRAS - 1
.....

```

```

.....
* DO 900
*   N = 1, NCZRAS
.....

```



```

.....
*   SPDVER = SPATZ1/COS( CZANGL )
*   SPVRSQ = 1.0/SPDVER/SPDVER
*
*   FIND LAYER IN WHICH RAY VERTEXES
.....

```

```

.....
*   DO 800
*   I = 1 J = LAYERS,NULAPO
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( SPDVER .LT. SPDKYD(J) )
*   GO TO 390
.....

```

```

.....
*   400 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*   CALL TRACER( 39 )
.....

```

```

.....
*   390 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*   FIND DEPTH AT WHICH RAY VERTEXES
.....

```

```

.....
*   CALL
*   S VERTEX
*   S ( J=1, SPVRSQ, Z2, Z1R - DEPKYD(J-1), -1 )
.....

```

```

.....
*   COMPUTE HORIZONTAL TRAVEL OF RAY
.....

```

```

.....
*   Z2 = Z2 - 1.0E-6
*   ANGSTR = CZANGL
*   Z1 = Z1B
.....

```

```

.....
*   CALL
*   S RAYRAC
*   CZRANG = RANGE1
*   ANGSTR = -ANGARR
*   Z1 = Z2
*   Z2 = Z2B
.....

```

```

.....
*   CALL
*   S RATRAC
*   CZRANG = CZRANG + RANGE1
.....

```

```

.....
*   CHECK TO SEE IF THIS NEW RANGE IS A MAX OR MIN
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( CZRANG .GE. RCZ1 )
*   GO TO 380
.....

```

```

.....
*   RCZ1 = CZRANG
.....

```

```

.....
*   380 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*   IF( CZRANG .LE. RCZ2 )
*   GO TO 370
.....

```



```

* .....
* IF( SS .LT. 5.0 )
*   GO TO 210
* .....

```

```

* .....
*   SCSD = 2.0*SCSD
* .....

```

```

* .....
* 210 CONTINUE
*   CONST2 = 25.0-SQRTFT(AHS( DEPEVA - ZL ))-SQRTFT(ABS(DEPSER-ZL) )
*   AA = SQRTZ1*( NSD1 + 0.5 )
*   AA = TNLGIN( AA ) - SCSD*AA
* .....

```

```

* .....
*   RETURN
* .....

```

```

* .....
* 90 CONTINUE
*   RCZ1 = 0.0
*   RCZ2 = 0.0
*   CZANSO = 100.0
*   CZANST = 100.0
*   CZANEO = 100.0
*   CZANFT = 100.0
* .....

```

```

* .....
* 110 CONTINUE
*   NCONSD = 0
*   AMLSRD = 1.0E6
* .....

```

```

* .....
*   GO TO 80
* .....

```

```

* .....
* 120 CONTINUE
*   Z1 = Z1B
*   INITLK = LAYERS
*   CZANSO = ANGSTR
*   CALL
*   S      RATRAC
*   RCZ1 = RANRET
*   ANGSTR = ANGARR
*   Z1 = ZVLO
*   INITLK = LAYERI
* .....

```

```

* .....
*   GO TO 50
* .....

```


• 130 CONTINUE

• IF(DEPEVA ,GT. 7L)

• NCONSD = 3

• CO TO AO

140 CONTINUE

GO TO 80

• 180 CONTINUE

• GO TO 80

• END

AD-A068 881

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO SYRACUSE N Y HEAVY MILITARY ELEC--ETC F/G 17/1
SONAR SIMULATION COMPUTER PROGRAMS. VOLUME 2. FLOW CHARTS.(U)
NOV 68

N00140-68-C-0372

NL

UNCLASSIFIED

2 OF 2

AD
A068881



END
DATE
FILMED

7-79

DDC

(ENTRANCE)

```

.....
*CRAYN0000 SUBROUTINE RAYNOW
*SPRAY0000 SUBROUTINE FOR FINDING POSSIBLE RAYS AND PARAMETERS
SUBROUTINE
S RAYNOW
.....
THIS FINDS RAYS CLOSE TO RANGE BETWEEN SHIPS
.....
COMMON
C / CONSTN /
C DEFSER,
C NCONSK,
C SPATSF,
C DEFEVA,
C NCONSL,
C SPATEV
COMMON
C / LCONST /
C NULAP0,
C DEPH0T,
C CONSG0(128) ,
C CONSG1(128) ,
C CONSG2(128) ,
C CONSV0(128) ,
C DFLTAZ(128) ,
C DEPKYD(128) ,
C SLOPEJ(128) ,
C SPDKYD(128)
COMMON
C / RANGES /
C NUANMO,
C ANGMAX,
C DFLANG,
C DFLRAD,
C ANGINI(200)
C RNGMOD(6,200)
COMMON
C / RAYPAR /
C RANGEH,
C BOTLOS(6) ,
C DRDXDC(6) ,
C PATHLN(6) ,
C RANGECL(6) ,
C SPI(6) ,
C SPT(6) ,
C TIR(6) ,
C TTR (6)
COMMON
C / RAYTRA /
C NCONCI,
C INITLK,
C Z1 ,
C Z2 ,
C SPVRS0,
C ANGSTR,
C ANGARR,
C ANGBTH,
C ANGSR,
C SPDOVR,
C RANGEI
.....
DELRAD = INCREMENTAL ANG_E
DEPHOT = DEPTH OF BOTTOM
NUANMO = NUMBER OF ANGLES FOR RAYS MINUS ONE (DIMENS
TIR ( ) = INITIAL ANGLE OF RAY WITH RANGEH (
RANGEH = HORIZONTAL RANGE BETWEEN SHIPS
.....

```

DO 200

I I = 1.6

TIR(I) = 100.0

TTR(I) = 0.0

SPI(I) = 0.0

SPT(I) = 0.0

RANGECL(I) = 0.0

PATHLN(I) = 0.0

DRDXDC(I) = 0.0

BOTLOS(I) = 0.0


```

      I
      |
.....0
*   60 CONTINUE
.....0
      I
      |
.....0
*   IF( TIR(5) .EQ. 100.0 )
*     GO TO 70
.....0
      I
      |
.....0
*   IF( TIR(5) .LT. 0.0 )
*     GO TO 80
.....0
      I
      |
.....0
*   CALL
*     S      STRTA
*     S ( 5, DEPTH )
*   CALL
*     S      LENGTH
*     S ( 5, NULAPO, 72, 0.0 )
.....0
      I
      |
.....0
*   IF( ANGSTR .LT. 0.0 )
*     GO TO 80
.....0
      I
      |
.....0
*   CALL
*     S      LENGTH
*     S ( 5, 1, 0.0, DEPEVA )
.....0
      I
      |
.....0
*   GO TO 70
.....0
      I
      |
.....0
*   80 CONTINUE
*   WRITE ( 6, 1000 )
*   W TIR(5)
* 1000 FORMAT(
*   F 38H WRONG STARTING ANGLE FOR RAY TYPE 5 = E20.10
*   F )
.....0
      I
      |
.....0
*   70 CONTINUE
.....0
      I
      |
.....0
*   IF( TIR(6) .EQ. 100.0 )
*     GO TO 900
.....0

```

```

      IF( TIR(5) .EQ. 100.0 )      •.....0
      • GO TO 70                    •          1

```

```

*      IF( T[R(5) .LT. 0.0 )      *.....0
*      * GO TO 80                  *      |
*                                  *      |

```

```

CALL STRTRA
S ( S, DEBBO )
CALL
S LENGTH
S ( S, NULAPO, 72, 0.0 )

```

```

      IF( ANGSTR,LT, 0.0 )
      • GO TO 80

```

```

* CALL
* S LENGTH
* S ( 5, 1, 0.0, DEPEVA )

```

GO TO 70V
.....I

```

      80 CONTINUE
      WRITE ( 6, 1000 )
      W TIR(5)
      1000 FORMAT(
      F 38H WRONG STARTING ANGLE FOR RAY TYPE 5 = E20.10
      )

```

* 70 CONTINUE

```

*      IF ( TIR(6) ,EQ. 100.0 )      *.....C
*      * GO TO 900                    *

```



```

.....I
* CALL
* S ( 6, 0.0 ) STRTHA
* CALL
* S ( 6, 1, 0.0, DEPTH ) LENGTH
* CALL
* S ( 6, NULAPD, 72, 0.0 ) LENGTH
* CALL
* S ( 6, 1, 0.0, DEPEVA ) LENGTH
.....0

I
0(.....0
I

* 900 CONTINUE
.....

I
I
I

* RETURN
.....

*
.....

I
I
I

* END
.....

```

(ENTRANCE)

```

.....
*CHAYPTH00 SUBROUTINE RAYPTH
*SPATH000 SUBROUTINE CONTROLLED BY NCONCI
*
* SUBROUTINE
* S RAYPTH
*
* .....
* THIS COMPUTES REQUIRED RAY PARAMETERS SUCH AS TIME AND PATH LENGTH
* .....
*
* COMMON
* C / LCONST /
* C NULAPD,
* C DEPRDT,
* C CONSG0(128) ,
* C CONSG1(128) ,
* C CONSG2(128) ,
* C CONSG3(128) ,
* C DELTAZ(128) ,
* C DEPRYD(128) ,
* C SLOPEJ(128) ,
* C SPDXYD(128)
*
* COMMON
* C / PTHLNG /
* C A1 ,
* C B1 ,
* C COSQRD,
* C CI ,
* C DI ,
* C DXDC ,
* C DZ1 ,
* C DZM ,
* C K ,
* C PL ,
* C SM ,
* C H ,
* C X ,
* C Y1 ,
* C Y2 ,
* C TIMCON
*
* COMMON
* C / RAYTRA /
* C NCONCI,
* C INITLK,
* C Z1 ,
* C Z2 ,
* C SPVRSQ,
* C ANGSTR,
* C ANGARR,
* C ANGSTH,
* C ANGSR,
* C CV ,
* C RANGET
*
* .....
*
* A1 = DEPTH FROM END OF RAY PORTION TO TOP OF LAYER
* ALWAYS POSITIVE OR ZERO
* DXDC = RANGE DERIVATIVE
* DZ1 = DEPTH FROM START OF RAY PORTION TO TOP OF LAYER
* ALWAYS POSITIVE OR ZERO
* TIMCON = PROPAGATION TIME
* PL = PATH LENGTH (IN K-YD) OF RAY
* CV = VERTEX VELOCITY (IN K-YD/SEC)
* Y1 =
* Y2 =
* TI = TIME INCREMENT FOR RAY TO GO X K-YD
*
* NAMELIST
* N / TIMES
* N TOMUCH,
* NA1,A2,A3,ANTERM, A1, B1, COSQRD, CI, DADC, DCDC, DDDC, DHADC, DI,
* N DXDC, DXDC1, DY2DC, DZ1, DZ1DC, DZ2DC, DZMDC, H, K, P, PL,
* N Q1, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, RABC, S4, SMA, SPDVER, SPVRSQ, T1, T11,
* N T12, TIMCON, TJ, TOMUCH, X, X1, X2, Y1, Y2
*
* IF (NCONCI.NE.2)
* RETURN
* P = CONSG1(K) - 0.5*CONSG0(K)+CONSG2(K)
* DADC = 2.0/CV*SPVRSQ
* DCDC = CONSG2(K)**2*DADC
* R2 = (1.0 + CONSG2(K)*DZ1)**2
* DY1DC = R2*DADC
* R3 = (1.0 + CONSG2(K)*A1)**2
* DY2DC = R3*DADC
* DZMDC = 0.0

```

```

.....0
* IF( Y1 ,LT. 1.0E-3 )
*   GO TO 70
.....

.....0
* IF( Y2 ,LT. 1.0E-3 )
*   GO TO 80
.....

.....0
* DDCC = - D1/2.0/( Y1 + Y2 )*( DY1DC/Y1 + DY2DC/Y2 )
*
*   0(.....0
.....

* 10 CONTINUE
.....

.....0
* IF( ABS( CDSQD ) ,LT. 0.5 )
*   GO TO 90
.....

.....0
* DHADC = ( ( D1*H=0.5 - SM )/( 1.0 - CDSQD ) )
* E ( DCCD/2.0 + C1/D1*DDCC ) = DCCD*SM )/C1
*
*   0(.....0
.....

* 20 CONTINUE
* DXDC1 = X*( DDCC/D1 - 1.0/CV ) + 2.0*D1/CV*( CONSG2(K)*DZMDC+P*DHADC )
* DXDC = DXDC + X/ABS( X )*( DXDC1
* DZM = 0.5*( DZ1 + A1 )
* A2 = 1.0 + CONSG2(K)*DZM
.....

.....0
* IF( ABS( CONSG2(K)*( A1 - DZ1 ) ) ,LT. ABS( 0.0001*A2 ) )
*   X GO TO 180
.....

.....
* RARC = CONSG1(K) - CONSG0(K)*CONSG2(K)
* R1 = SORT( ABS( RARC ) )
* R4 = CONSG0(K)/2.0 + P*A1
* R5 = CONSG0(K)/2.0 + P*DZ1
.....

.....0
* IF( RARC ,IE. 0.0 )
*   GO TO 120
.....

.....
* T11 = SORT( R2 )*( R4 + R1*Y2 )
* T12 = SORT( R3 )*( R5 + R1*Y1 )
.....

.....0
* IF( T12 ,EQ. 0.0 )
*   GO TO 150
.....

```



```

.....
* T1 = ALOG( T11/T12 )/R1
.....
      1
      0(.....1.0
      1
.....
* 30 CONTINUE
.....
      1
      1
.....
* IF( ABS( CONSG1(K) ) .LT. 0.5 )
*   GO TO 160
.....
      1
      1
.....
* IF( CONSG2(K) .EQ. 0.0 )
*   GO TO 170
.....
      1
      0(.....1.0
      1
.....
* 40 CONTINUE
*   TIMCON = T1
*   TJ = ( CONSG1(K)*CV*X - 2.0*H + RARC*T1 )/CONSG2(K)**2
.....
      1
      0(.....1.1.0
      1
.....
* 50 CONTINUE
*   TJ = ABS( CONSV0(K)*CV*X + TJ )
.....
      1
      0(.....1.1.1.0
      1
.....
* 60 CONTINUE
*   TIMCON = TJ + TIMCON
*   PL = ( FVELDC( D/1, K ) + FVELDC( A1, K ) )/2.0*TJ + PL
* 900 CONTINUE
.....
      1
      1
      1
.....
* RETURN
.....
.....
*
.....
      1
      0(.....0
      1
.....
* 70 CONTINUE
*   DZ1DC = -0.5*R2/( C1*DZ1 + B1 )*DADC
*   DZMDC = DZ1DC/2.0
*   DDDC = DZ1DC/Y2 - D1/Y2/Y2*DZ2DC/2.0
.....
      1
      1
.....
* GO TO 10
.....
.....
*
.....
      1
      0(.....1.1.0
      1
.....
* 80 CONTINUE
*   DZ2DC = -0.5*R3/( C1*A1 + R1 )*DADC
*   DZMDC = DZ2DC/2.0
*   DDDC = DZ2DC/Y1 - 0.5/Y1*D1/Y1*DY1DC
.....
      1

```

```

.....
*      GO TO 10
.....

```

```

*0
.....

```

```

.....
*  90 CONTINUE
*    SMA = 0.2
*    ADTERM = SMA
.....

```

```

.....
*  100 CONTINUE
*    I = 2.100
.....

```

```

.....
*    A2 = I*2 + 1
*    ADTERM = ADTERM*DCSQRD+A2/( A2 + 2.0 )
*    SMA = ADTERM*FLOAT( I ) + SMA
.....

```

```

.....
*    IF( ABS( ADTERM ) .LT. 1.0E-5 )
*      GO TO 110
.....

```

```

.....
*  100 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*  110 CONTINUE
*    DHADC = 2.0*D1*DDDC*( SM + SMA*DCSQRD ) + D1**4*DDDC*SMA
.....

```

```

.....
*      GO TO 20
.....

```

```

*0
.....

```

```

.....
*  120 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*    IF( RARC .EQ. 0.0 )
*      GO TO 130
.....

```

```

.....
*    T11 = Y2*R5 - Y1*R4
*    T12 = R4*R5 - RARC*Y1*Y2
.....

```

```

.....
*    IF( T12 .EQ. 0.0 )
*      GO TO 140
.....

```

$$T_1 = \text{ATAN}(R_1 \cdot T_1 / T_2) / R_1$$

•

```

* 130 CONTINUE
*      T1 = 0.0

```

• GO TO 50

• • • • •

```

* 140 CONTINUE
*      TI = 1.57079633/R1

```

GO TO 30

```

* 150 CONTINUE
*      T1 = 1.0E6
*      P1 = T1

```

* GO TO 60

2

```
* 160 CONTINUE
*      H = 2.6*DI*( 1.0 + COSQD*SM )
```

* GO TO 40

106

```

COMMON
C / RAYPAR /
C RANGEH,
D BOTLOS(6)
D DRDXDC(6)
D PATHLN(6)
D RANGE(6)
D SPRLOS(6,2)
D ANGLE(6,2)
COMMON
C / INDEXS /
D ANDISO(16,2)
D DIRSON(50,16,2)
D DLDTAN(16,2)
D NUDTAN(2)
CDUMMYA
COMMON
C / RCONST /
C ACZ
C AMLSRD
C BCZ
C HCI
C HZSD
C NCONSD
C RCZ1
C RCZ2
C SDCON
D ANZAV(2)
C ZW
NDUM45
COMMON
C / SURDUC /
C BLA1
C BLA2
C BLA3
C DTRAD
C J
C M
D BAFFUN(128,2)
D DELRAF(128,2)
D FLONOS(128,2)
D RADSPC(40,50,2)
C NTIMEN
COMMON
C / SURFAC /
C A6
C CONST2
C CONST4
C CZANGL
C CZANDI
C CZRANG
C G1SD
C G2SD
C NCZRAS
C NZONE
C RSD
C RSD1
C SCSD
C SQRTZL
C SS
C ZL
CDUMMYZ
DIMENSION
D CONPHI(6)
D CONSBF(6)
D NCNABT(6)
D POWSIG(128,2)
D POWNOS(128,2)
D SVECTR(3,2)
D S01 (3)
D S02 (3)
D TVECTR(3,2)
DDUMMYS(1)
LOGICAL
L NOCZRA
L NOSDRA

```



```

*      EQUIVALENCE
*      Q ( SVECTR, S01 ),
*      Q ( SVECTR(1,2), S02 ),
*      Q ( TVECTR, TS01 )
*
*      AREAM1  = AZIMUTHAL ANGLE FOR SEARCHER STEERING
*      AREAM2  = AZIMUTHAL ANGLE FOR EVADER STEERING
*      ACZ     = CONVERGENT ZONE CONSTANT
*      ANCVAV( ) = AVERAGE CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLES
*      ANDISO( ) = ANGLES OF DIFFERENT DIRECTIVITIES FOR SHIPS
*      ANGAZM( ) = AZIMUTHAL STEERING ANGLES FOR EACH SHIP
*      ANGBER( ) = RELATIVE BEARING ANGLE FOR EACH SHIP
*      ARAD1   = AZIMUTHAL ANGLE OF SEARCHER MEASURED FROM EVADER
*      ARAD2   = AZIMUTHAL ANGLE OF EVADER MEASURED FROM SEARCHER
*      ARAREA( ) = ARRAY AREA AS A FUNCTION OF SHIP
*      ARRAY2  = TYPE OF ARRAY CONTROL CONSTANT FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*      ARRAY1  = TYPE OF ARRAY CONTROL CONSTANT FOR SEARCHER (DIMENS
*      ARRAYDC( ) = MODIFIED ARRAY DIMENSIONS FOR SHIPS
*      ARRYH1  = ARRAY HEIGHT ON SEARCHER
*      ARRYH2  = ARRAY HEIGHT ON EVADER
*      ARRYW1  = ARRAY WIDTH ON SEARCHER
*      ARRYW2  = ARRAY WIDTH ON EVADER
*      ARWIDT( ) = WIDTH OF ARRAY AS A FUNCTION OF SHIP
*      ASNXOX  = FUNCTION TO COMPUTE SIN(X)/X
*      RANGLE  = ABSOLUTE VALUE OF BOTTOM ANGLE
*      BCZ     = CONVERGENT ZONE CONSTANT
*      BF1 ( ) = BAFFLING CORRECTION FACTOR FOR SEARCHER
*              AS A FUNCTION OF ANGLE
*      BF2 ( ) = BAFFLING CORRECTION FACTOR FOR EVADER
*              AS A FUNCTION OF ANGLE
*      RFOFCZ( ) = BAFFLING CONSTANT FOR CONVERGENT ZONE (DIMENS
*      BLA1    = BOTTOM LOSS CONSTANT
*      BLA2    = BOTTOM LOSS CONSTANT
*      BLA3    = BOTTOM LOSS CONSTANT
*      CDYOVV( ) = EFFECTIVE ARRAY HEIGHT AND SPEED CONSTANT
*      CONFRC  = FUNCTION TO COMPUTE CONSTANT FOR BC CALCULATIONS
*      COSAVE( ) = COSINE OF AVERAGE CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLES (DIMENS
*      DREAM1  = DEPRESSION ANGLE FOR SEARCHER STEERING
*      DREAM2  = DEPRESSION ANGLE FOR EVADER STEERING
*      DIRSON(,,) = DIRECTIVITY INDEX FOR SONAR
*      DCDIAN( ) = DIFFERENCES IN ANGLES OF DIRECTIVITIES
*      DSIG    = DEPRESSION ANGLE OF RAY
*      DTRAD   = ANGLE INCREMENT FOR RADIATED SIGNAL
*      DYHITH( ) = HEIGHT CONSTANT FOR ARRAY SURFACE DUCT (DIMENS
*      FLN1 ( ) = PLANE WAVE FLOW NOISE FOR SEARCHER
*      FLN2 ( ) = PLANE WAVE FLOW NOISE FOR EVADER
*      FLOWNO( ) = PLANE WAVE FLOW NOISE AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY
*      FRAD11  = LOWER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF SEARCHER EQUIPMENT
*      FRAD12  = UPPER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF SEARCHER EQUIPMENT
*      FRAD21  = LOWER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF EVADER EQUIPMENT
*      FRAD22  = UPPER FREQUENCY LIMIT OF EVADER EQUIPMENT
*      FRES1   = TRANSDUCER RESONANT FREQUENCY ON SEARCHER
*      FRES2   = TRANSDUCER RESONANT FREQUENCY ON EVADER
*      HZSD    = SURFACE DUCT CONSTANT
*      NARRAY( ) = CONTROL PARAMETER DEFINING TYPE OF ARRAY (DIMENS
*      NCNACZ( ) = BAFFLING ANGLE NUMBER AS A FUNCTION OF SHIP (DIMENS
*      NUDIAN( ) = NUMBER OF DIRECTIVITY ANGLES FOR SHIPS (DIMENS
*      NUFREV  = NUMBER OF FREQUENCY POINTS FOR EVADER (DIMENS
*      NUFRES  = NUMBER OF FREQUENCY POINTS FOR SEARCHER (DIMENS
*      POR     = POROSITY OF BOTTOM
*      POWNOS( ) = NOISE POWER SPECTRUM AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY
*      POWSIG( ) = SIGNAL POWER SPECTRUM AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY
*      QTRAN1  = TRANSDUCER FIGURE OF MERIT ON SEARCHER
*      QTRAN2  = TRANSDUCER FIGURE OF MERIT ON EVADER
*      SDCON   = WAVE HEIGHT PARAMETER
*      SSD     = SURFACE DUCT CONSTANT
*      TCZAV1  = AVERAGE OF CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLES
*      TCZAV2  = AVERAGE OF CONVERGENT ZONE ANGLES
*      V       = PROPAGATION SPEED AT END POINT OF RAY (K
*      XSD     = SEE -AMLSRD- (SQR
*      XSD     = SURFACE DUCT CONSTANT
*      ZW      = HEIGHT OF SURFACE WAVES

```

```

* NAMELIST
* N / LOSSES /
* N MSHIPS,
* N F, SIGRAY, SIGCZ, SIGSD, HK
* N SETUP /
* N NOSDRA, NOCZRA, ANGRER, R1, A1, HCZA, HCV
* N / SHIPCO /
* N CONASD, CONACZ, CONAHT,
* N CONASD, CONACZ, BEOFSD, BEOF CZ, CONSBF
* N / STATUS /
* N N1, K, M, AFRAC
* N , NOUN, DUD, HUM, DI

```

```

*C
* ANGRER(1) = HSP
* ANGRER(2) = REP
* COSRAD(2) = COS( REP )
* A1 = TNG10( RANGEN )
* SIGSD = 0.0
* NOSDRA = .FALSE.

```

```

* IF( NCONSD ,EQ, 0 )
* GO TO 10

```

```

* NOSDRA = .TRUE.

```

```

*C DETERMINE SURFACE ZONE CONSTANT PARAMETER

```

```

* RSD = RANGEN/SORIZL

```

```

* IF( RSD ,LT, RSD1 )
* GO TO 280

```

```

* IF( RSD ,GE, RSD1 + 0.5 )
* GO TO 270

```

```

* NZONE = 2

```

```

* GO TO 290

```

```

* 270 CONTINUE
* NZONE = 3

```

```

      1
      1
.....
*      GO TO 290
.....

.....
*C
.....
      1
      0(.....
      1
.....
* 280 CONTINUE
*  NZONE = 1
.....
      1
      0(.....
      1
.....
* 290 CONTINUE
.....
      1
      0(.....
      1
.....
* 10 CONTINUE
*  SIGCZ = 0.0
*  NOCZRA = .FALSE.
.....
      1
      1
.....
*  IF( (RANGEH .LT. RCZ1) .OR. (RANGEH .GE. RCZ2) ) .....0
*  GO TO 180
.....
      1
      1
.....
*  MCZA = 2.0*A1 + ACZ - RCZ*( ( RANGEH - RCZ1 )/DELRCZ )**0.4
*  NOCZRA = .TRUE.
*  WRITE ( 6, 1000 )
.....
      1
      0(.....
      1
.....
* 180 CONTINUE
*  M1 = 2
.....
      1
      1
.....
.....
*  DO 500
*  I      M = 1,2
.....
      1
      1
.....
*  ANGDDGA(M) = ANGBER(M)
*  SVETR(1,M) = COSPHI(M)*COS( ANGDDGA(M) )
*  SVETR(2,M) = COSPHI(M)*SIN( ANGDDGA(M) )
*  SVETR(3,M) = SINPHI(M)
.....
      1
      1
.....
*  DO 200
*  I      I = 1,3
.....
      1
      1
.....

```



```

.....
*      DO 500
*      I      J = 1,N1
.....

```

```

.....
*      F = FROSIG(J,M)
*      SIGRAY = 0.0
.....

```

```

.....
*      DO 400
*      I      I = 1.6
.....

```

```

.....
*      IF( ANGTER(I,1) .NE. 100.0 )
*      E SIGRAY = SIGRAY + ALOGIN( OSPECT( NCNABT(I), CONPH(I) ) +
*      E CONSBF(I) - FROLCN(J,M)*PATHLN(I) - FROIDR(J,M)*BOTLOS(I) )
*      E = SINXOX( F, I )
.....

```

```

.....
*      400 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
*      HK = RANGEH*FROLCN(J,M)
*      C
*      DETERMINE SURFACE DUCT CONSTANT BEING USED
*      C
.....

```

```

.....
*      IF( NCONSD .EQ. 0 )
*      GO TO 390
.....

```

```

.....
*      IF( NCONSD .NE. 4 )
*      GO TO 330
.....

```

```

.....
*      IF( ANGTER(1,1) + ANGTER(2,1) .NE. 200.0 )
*      GO TO 390
.....

```

```

.....
*      330 CONTINUE
*      HSD1 = 2.0*A1 + HK + 60.0
*      FTHIRD = FROSIG(J,M)*0.33333333
*      G2SD = HZSD/4.0*AMAX1( 2.0, FTHIRD )
*      HSD2 = HSD1 + AMAX1( 0.0, FTHIRD*( CONST2 + 5.0*RANGEH ) )
.....

```

```

.....
*      IF( NZONE .EQ. 1 )
*      GO TO 360
.....

```

```

.....1
* IF( NZONE ,EQ, 2 ) .....0
*   GO TO 340 .....
.....
.....1
* CONST4 = G2SD * A6 .....
* HSD4 = HSD1 - A1 * SCSD*RANGSH * CONST4 .....
* HSD = AMIN1( HSD4, HSD2 ) .....
.....
.....1
*   GO TO 380 .....0
.....
.....
*2 .....
.....
.....0( .....0
.....1
* 340 CONTINUE .....
* HSD3 = HSD1 * 2.0*( RSD - RS1 )*( G2SD - G1SD ) * G1SD .....
.....
.....
.....
* IF( NCONSD ,EQ, 4 ) .....0
*   GO TO 350 .....
.....
.....1
* HSD = HSD3 .....
.....
.....1
*   GO TO 380 .....V
.....
.....
*2 .....
.....
.....0( .....0
.....1
* 350 CONTINUE .....
* HSD = AMIN1( HSD3, HSD2 ) .....
.....
.....1
*   GO TO 380 .....V
.....
.....
*2 .....
.....
.....1
.....0( .....0
.....1
* 360 CONTINUE .....
* HSD1 = HSD1 * G1SD/RSD/RS1 .....
.....
.....
.....
* IF( NCONSD ,EQ, 1 ) .....0
*   GO TO 370 .....
.....
.....1

```



```

.....
* HSD = AMIN( HSD1, HSD2 )
.....

```

```

.....
* GO TO 380
.....

```

```

.....
*0
.....

```

```

.....
* 370 CONTINUE
* HSD = HSD1
.....

```

```

.....
* 380 CONTINUE
* IF( NOSDRA ) SIGSD = ALOGIN( DSPECT( NCNASD, CONASD ) + BFOFSD -
*   * HSD
*   * F )
*   F = SINXOX( F, 7 )
.....

```

```

.....
* 390 CONTINUE
* IF( NOCZRA ) SIGCZ = ALOGIN( DSPECT( NCNACZ, CONACZ ) + BFOFCZ - HK )
*   F = SINXOX( F, 8 )
*   POWSIG(J,M) = ( SIGRAY + SIGSD + SIGCZ ) * FRQTRN(J,M)
.....

```

```

.....
* 500 CONTINUE
.....

```

```

.....
* M = 1
* N1 = 1
* AFRAC = 0.0
* M1 = NUMFRC(M)
.....

```

```

.....
* DO 100
*   I J = 1,M1
.....

```

```

.....
* F = FRONOS(J,M)
* PTS(J) = POWSIG(J,M)
.....

```

```

.....
* IF( NUDIAN(M) .EQ. 1 )
*   GO TO 90
.....

```

```

.....
* N1 = MORPNT( ANGDDG(M), ANDISO(1,M), NUDIAN(M) ) - 1
* AFRAC = ( ANGDDG(M) - ANDISO(N1,M) ) / DLDIAN(N1,M)
.....

```

```

.....
* 90 CONTINUE
* D1 = ALOGIN( DIRSON(J,N1,M) * ( 1.0 - AFRAC ) * AFRAC * DIRSON(J,N1+1,M) )
* POWNOS(J,M) = FRONCN(J,M) / D1
* PNS(J) = POWNOS(J,M)
.....

```


(ENTRANCE)

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```

*****
*CREDUCE00      FUNCTION  REDUCE
*CFREDU000      FUNCTION FOR FORCING RAD POSITIVE
*      FUNCTION  REDUCE
*      F ( DUMMY1, DUMMY2, DUMMY3 )

```

```

*
*
*      *****
*      THIS COMPUTE THE REQUIRED A-CONSTANT SUCH THAT RAD IS POSITIVE
*
*      *****
*
*      DUMMY3 = DUMMY1/DUMMY2

```

I
0(.....0
I

```

*****
*      10 CONTINUE
*      REDUCE = DUMMY1 - DUMMY2*DUMMY3
*      IF( REDUCE .GE. 0.0 )
*      * RETURN
*      DUMMY4 = DUMMY3
*      DUMMY3 = DUMMY3*0.99999999
*      WRITE ( 6, 1000 )
*      W REDUCE.
*      W DUMMY4, DUMMY3

```

I
I
I

```

*****
*      GO TO 10
*****

```

```

*****
*      1000 FORMAT(
*      F/15H BECAUSE RAD = E17.10
*      F / 20H A WAS CHANGED FROM E17.10, 4H TO E17.10 )

```

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```

*****
*      END
*****

```


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III

24

三

(ENTRANCE)

*STATE IDENTIFY D/E STATE

* IDENTIFY D AND E STATE
* STATE = STATE F
* STATD = STATE D
* CLPH=CLOSE PHASE
* EVPH = EVADE PHASE
* WRANGE = WEAPON RANGE

* SUBROUTINE STAT
* COMMON /LABEL/ RI,RCJ,SSI,SEI,HSI,HEI,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128),P
* 1YE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NSI,
* 2NEI,N,RETAS,RETAL,DELTA,DELTA,32,PDS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PRATH(
* 3128),PEVADF(128),DIFTI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),POS(5
* 4),PIS(5),PGE(5),POE(3),PIE(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIE,PHIS,A
* 5LSUMH,ALSURS,STNPE,STNPEV,MCCO,VPCO,BSP,BEP,NR,K,EDPTH,SDEPTH,RC
* 6,FDS,FWS,FIS,PTS(128),FYS(128),FNS(128),FNS(128),FOE,F0SE,FIE,FZE
* 7,F2S,PTS(128),VX(128),VY(128),VZ(128),XE,XS,SUNKIL,SUMEVA,PRE,P
* BRK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPYN,NSMAX,NMAX

* IF (CLPH.EQ.1.) GO TO 300

* IF (N.EQ.NSI) GO TO 310

* STATD = 5.

* 360 IF (EVPH.EQ.1.) GO TO 320

* IF (N.EQ.NEI) GO TO 330

* STATE #3.

* RETURN

* 300 IF (RANGE(N),IE,WRANGE) GO TO 340

* STATD #2.

!

1

•••••

02 0

COMMON / LABEL / RI,RC,I,SS1,SE1,HS1,HE1,PXS(128),PYE(128),PYS(128),P

COMMON /ALPHA/ ABREAM1 ABREAM2

$$SOS = \sin(DELTA)$$

```
8      CDS=COS(DEL TAS)
```

$$* \quad CDE = \cos(DEF, TAF)$$
$$SDE = \sin(DEL TAF)$$

```

*      DIFPY=PYE(N)-PYS(N)

```

$$DIFPZ = PZE(N) - PZS(N)$$
$$DIFPX = PXE(N) - PXS(N)$$

CALL ANGLE (VXS(N),VYS(N),THETHS)

$$STBS = \sin(\theta_{ETHS} + \theta_{ETAS})$$
$$CTBS = \cos(\gamma_{EHS} + \beta_{EAS})$$

XPS:DIFPX.CTBS-DIFPY.STBS

* YpS=DIFpX*CDs*STBS+DIFpY*CDs*CTBS+DIFpZ*SDS *

CALL ANGE (XPS,YPS,ALPHAS)

CALL ANGLE (VXE(N),VYE(N),THETHE)

```
CTBE=COS(THF1HF+BETA)
```

$$STBE = \sin(THETHE + BETAE)$$

XPE=-DIFPX*CTRE+DIFPY*STRE

* YpEz-DIFpX*CD E*STBE-DIFpY*CD E*CTBE-DIFpZ*SDE *

CALL ANGE (XPF,YPF,ALPHA)

* AREAM1 = ALPHAS *

* AB EAM2 = ALPHA

1

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.....

I

I

121

```

*      COMMON
*      C / RAYPAR /
*      C          RANGEH,
*      D          BOTANG(6)
*      D          DRDXDC(6)
*      D          PATHLN(6)
*      D          RANGE(6)
*      D          SPT(6)
*      D          SPT(6)
*      D          TIR(6)
*      D          TTR (6)
*      COMMON
*      C / RAYTRA /
*      C          NCONCI,
*      C          INITLK,
*      C          Z1
*      C          Z2
*      C          SPVRSQ,
*      C          ANGSTR,
*      C          ANGARR,
*      C          ANGRM,
*      C          ANGSUR,
*      C          SPDVER,
*      C          RANGET
*
*      ANGSTR = TIR(N)
*      SPDVER = SPATSE/COS( ANGSTR )
*      SPVRSQ = 1.0/SPDVER/SPDVER
*      DXDC = 0.0
*      PL = 0.0
*      RANGET = 0.0
*      TIMCON = 0.0
*      CALL
*      S          LENGTH
*      S ( N, NCONSK, DEPSER, DEPEND )
*      900 CONTINUE
*
*
*      RETURN
*
*
*
*      END

```


(ENTRANCE)

I
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C D/E STATE TABLE

C D STATE -E STATE TABLE

C SUBROUTINE TABLE

C COMMON /LAREL/ RI,RCJ,SS1,SF1,HS1,HE1,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128),P
C 1YE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NS1,
C 2YE1,N,REIAS,REIAE,DELTA,DELTA=,B2,PDS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PPATH(
C 3128),PEVADF(128),DIFTI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),ABC(5
C 4),DEF(5),PGE(3),GHI(3),JKL(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIE,PHIS,A
C 5LSUBE,ALSURS,STNPSF,STNPEV,MECD,NPCD,BSP,REP,NR,K,EDEPTH,SDEPTH,RC
C 6,FOS,FRWS,FIS,PTS(128),FXS(128),PNS(128),FNS(128),FDE,FBNF,F1E,F2E
C 7,F2S,PTE(128),FXE(128),PNE(128),FNE(128),XE,XS,SUMKIL,SUMEVA,PRE,P
C BRK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPYN,NSMAX,N=MAX

C COMMON

C / SIGNAL /

C D PRYSEV(128)

C D PRYSSE(128)

C D PRNOEV(128)

C D PRNOSE(128)

C D PROEVA(128)

C D PROSER(128)

C D VARFVA(128)

C D VARSER(128)

C D GMUFVA(128)

C D GMUSER(128)

C D DEVAEV(128)

C D DEVASE(128)

C D DEMUEV(128)

C D DEMUSE(128)

C THRFA,

C THRSE,

C NTIMEN

C 10 ONE=1,-PROSER(N)

C TWO=1,-PROEVA(N)

C THREE=1,-PROSER(N)*PRK

C FOUR = PROSER(N)

C FIVE = PROEVA(N)

C PDE(1) = FIVE

C PDS(1) = FOUR

C PRNOEV(1) = TWO

C PRNOSE(1) = ONE/THREE

C PRYSEV(1) = FIVE

C PRYSSE(1) = FOUR*(1.0 - PRK)/THREE

C PDS(2) = FOUR

C PGE(2) = FIVE

C PRNOSE(2) = 1.0 - PROSER(N)

C PRYSSE(2) = FOUR

C PGE(3) = TWO

C PGS(3) = FOUR

C PGS(4) = FOUR

C PGS(5)=ONE

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(ENTRANCE)

```
*****
*CTVL31000      FUNCTION  TNLG10
*               CONVERTS DUMMY VALUE TO DB
*               FUNCTION  TNLG10( DUMMY1 )
*****
```

```
*****
*               COMPUTES DB VALUE USING ALGORITHM OF 10*LOG( VALUE )
*****
```

```
*****
*               IF( DUMMY1 .LE. 1.0E-35 )
*               * GO TO 10
*****
```

```
*****
*               IF( DUMMY1 .GE. 1.0E+35 )
*               * GO TO 20
*****
```

```
*****
*               TNLG10 = 10.0*ALOG10( DUMMY1 )
*****
```

```
*****
*               RETURN
*****
```

```
*****
*               10 CONTINUE
*               TNLG10 = -350.0
*****
```


(ENTRANCE)

I
I

```
*****
*CTRACER00      SUBROUTINE TRACER
*CERROR000      DEBUG PRINTOUT SHOWING PROGRAM FLOW
*
*  SUBROUTINE
*  S            TRACER
*  S ( NNFLAG)
*
*  *****
*  *
*  *
*  *****
*
*  WRITE(6,90000,NNFLAG
*****
```

I
I
I

```
*****
*  RETURN
*****
```

```
*****
*  90000 FORMAT(8H FLAG = I4///)
*
*****
```

I
I
I

```
*****
*  END
*****
```

(ENTRANCE)

I
I

CTREE PROBABILITY TREE

GENERATION OF NS, NE TABLES DEF PROR TREE

SUBROUTINE PTRREE

COMMON /LAPEL/ RI, RCJ, SS1, SE1, HS1, HE1, PXS(128), PXE(128), PYS(128), P
1YF(128), PZS(128), PZE(128), VXS(128), VYS(128), VXE(128), VYE(128), NSI,
2NEI, N, RETAS, RETAE, DELTAS, DELTAE, B2, PDS(5), PDE(3), PKILL(128), PPATH(
3128), PFVADF(128), DIFTI, RANGE(128), STATD, STATE, PGS(5), PKDS(5), POS(5
4), PIS(5), PGE(3), POF(3), PIE(3), CLPH, EVPH, WRANGE, BPS, BPE, PHIE, PHIS, A
5LSURE, ALSURS, STNPSE, STNPFV, MECO, VPCO, BSP, BEP, NR, K, EDEPTH, SDEPTH, RC
6, FOS, FRWS, F1S, PTS(128), FXS(128), PNS(128), FNS(128), F0E, FBSE, F1E, F2E
7, F2S, PTE(128), FXE(128), PNE(128), FNE(128), XE, XS, SUMKIL, SUMEVA, PRE, P
8RK, PE(3), ALPXN, ALPYN, NSMAX, NEMAX

NEI=1

NSI=1

ENTRY TWO

NEI=NEI+1

I

O(.....0

I

70 IF (NEI.GT.NEMAX) GO TO 40

I

I

I

NR=2

I

I

I

RETURN

O(.....0

I

40 NEI=NSI

NSI=NSI+1

I

I

I

IF (NSI.GT.NSMAX) GO TO 50

I

I

I

I

NR=3

I


```

.....
*
.....
      I
      0(.....0
      I
.....
* 40 CONTINUE
* 1020 CALL COLLIS
.....
      I
      I
.....
* RETURN
.....

.....
*
.....
      I
      0(.....0
      I
.....
* 50 CONTINUE
* VXS(NSUB1) = 0.0
* VYS(NSUB1) = SS1
.....
      I
      I
      I
      I
.....
* RETURN
.....

.....
*
.....
      I
      I
.....
* END
.....

```


(ENTRANCE)

I

I

CU³POS UPPOS -UPDATES POSITIONS

* *UPDATING SHIPS POSITION*

* SUBROUTINE UPPOS*

* COMMON /LAPL/ RI,RCJ,SSI,SEI,HSI,HEI,PXS(128),PXE(128),PYS(128),P*
* 1YE(128),PZS(128),PZE(128),VXS(128),VYS(128),VXE(128),VYE(128),NSI,*
* 2NEI,N,RETAS,BETAE,DELTAS,DELTAE,32,PDS(5),PDE(3),PKILL(128),PPATH(*
* 3128),PEVADF(128),DIFTI,RANGE(128),STATD,STATE,PGS(5),PKDS(5),POS(5*
* 4),PIS(5),PGE(3),POE(3),PIE(3),CLPH,EVPH,WRANGE,BPS,BPE,PHIF,PHIS,A*
* 5LSUBE,ALSURS,STNPSE,STNPEV,MECO,NPCO,BSP,BEP,NR,K,EDEPTH,SDEPTH,RC*
* 6,FOS,FRWS,FIS,PTS(128),FXS(128),PNS(128),FNS(128),FOE,FBSE,F1E,F2E*
* 7,F2S,PTF(128),FXE(128),PNE(128),FNE(128),XE,XS,SUMKIL,SUMEVA,PRETP*
* 8RK,PE(3),ALPXN,ALPYN,NSMAX,N=MAX*

* NSUB1=N-1*
* PXE(N)=PXE(NSUB1)+VXE(NSUB1)*DIFTI*
* PYE(N)=PYE(NSUB1)+VYE(NSUB1)*DIFTI*
* PZE(N)=PZE(NSUB1)*
* PXS(N)=PXS(NSUB1)+VXS(NSUB1)*DIFTI*
* PYS(N)=PYS(NSUB1)+VYS(NSUB1)*DIFTI*
* PZS(N)=PZS(NSUB1)*
* VXS(N)=VXS(NSUB1)*
* VYS(N)=VYS(NSUB1)*
* VXE(N)=VXE(NSUB1)*
* VYE(N)=VYE(NSUB1)*

I

I

I

* 25 RETURN*

* END*

```

                                (ENTRANCE)
                                I
                                I
*****
* DVERTEX00      SUBROUTINE VERTEX
* DSEVERT000     SUBROUTINE TO FIND LOWER VERTEX POINT
*
* SUBROUTINE
* S VERTEX
* S ( I, CU, ZVLO, DPTOZ1, LOOKUP )
*
*
* THIS FINDS DEPTH AT WHICH RAY VERTEXES
*
*
* COMMON
* C / LCONST /
* C NULAPO,
* C DEPROT,
* D CONSG0(128)
* D CONSG1(128)
* D CONSG2(128)
* D CONSV0(128)
* D DELTAZ(128)
* D DEPKYD(128)
* D SLOPEJ(128)
* D SPDKYD(128)
*
* CONSG1( ) = G1 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT
* CONSG2( ) = G2 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT
* CONSV0( ) = V0 CONSTANT AS COMPUTED BY CONTINUOUS DERIVATIVE ROUT
* CU
* DEPKYD( ) = DEPTH (IN K-YD) TO TOP OF LAYER FROM OCEAN SURFACE
* I = LAYER IN WHICH RAY VERTEXES
* SPDKYD( ) = SPEED OF SOUND PROPAGATION (IN K-YD/SEC)
*
* NAMELIST / ERROR / X01, X02, X03, DZVX, DZVX1, DZVX2, CUCAL,
* N DELDEP, VELOC1, DELTOZ, DPTOZ1, K, J
*
* X01 = CU - CONSV0(I)
* X02 = CONSG0(I) - 2.0*CONSG2(I)*X01
* X03 = 2.0*( X01*CONSG2(I)*CONSG2(I) - CONSG1(I) )
*
*
* IF( X03 .EQ. 0.0 )
*   GO TO 40
*
*
* X01 = SQRT( X02*X02 - 2.0*X01*X03 )
* DZVX1 = ( X02 + X01 )/X03
* DZVX2 = ( X02 - X01 )/X03
*
*
* IF( LOOKUP .GT. 0 )
*   GO TO 10
*
*
* DELDEP = DEPKYD(I+1) - DEPKYD(I)
* IF((DZVX1.LT.DPTOZ1).OR.(DZVX1.LT.0.0)).OR.(DZVX1.GT.DELDEP)
*   DZVX1 = 1000.0
* IF((DZVX2.LT.DPTOZ1).OR.(DZVX2.LT.0.0)).OR.(DZVX2.GT.DELDEP)
*   DZVX2 = 1000.0
* DZVX = AMIN1( DZVX1, DZVX2 )

```

```

.....
* IF( DZVX .NE. 1000.0 ) .....0
* GO TO 20 .....
.....
.....0.....0
.....
* 30 CONTINUE .....
* K = LOOKUP .....
* J = I .....
* DELDEP = DELTAZ(I) .....
* VELOC1 = CU .....
* DELTOZ = DPTOZ1 .....
* WRITE( 6, ERROR ) .....
* CALL DUMP .....
* .....
.....0
.....
* 10 CONTINUE .....
* IF( (DZVX1 .GT. DPTOZ1) .OR. (DZVX1 .LT. 0.0) ) DZVX1 = -1000.0 .....
* IF( (DZVX2 .GT. DPTOZ1) .OR. (DZVX2 .LT. 0.0) ) DZVX2 = -1000.0 .....
* DZVX = AMAX1( DZVX1, DZVX2 ) .....
.....
.....
.....
* IF( DZVX .EQ. (-1000.0) ) .....A
* GO TO 30 .....
.....
.....0.....0
.....
* 20 CONTINUE .....
* CUCAL = 1.0/VELOC( DZVX, I )**2 .....
.....
.....
* IF( ABS( 1.0 - CUCAL/CU ) .GT. 1.0E-5 ) .....0
* GO TO 30 .....
.....
.....0.....0
.....
* 50 CONTINUE .....
* ZVLO = DEPKYD(I) * DZVX .....
* 900 CONTINUE .....
.....

```



```

      1
      I
.....
* RETURN
.....

.....
* C
.....
      I
      0(.....0
      I
.....
* 40 CONTINUE
* DZVX = X01/X02
.....
      I
      I
      I
.....
* GO TO 50
.....0

.....
* C
.....
      I
      I
      I
.....
* END
.....

```